THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXIV No. 36—E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, AUGUST 4th, 1925.

Historical Society

Surveying and Engineering
T. H. WIGGINS, O.L.S.
Ontario Land Surveyor.
Municipal Engineering.
Drainage Engineering.
Subdivisions, Plans, Etc.
NAPANEE, ONT.
Phone 385. Box 139.
15tf

Dennis P. Mullaley, D.C., Ph. C.
Agnes M. Mullaley, D.C.
Drugless Practitioners.
Chiropractic, Electricity and Massage.
Office of the late Dr. Shirley.
Centre St. 'Phone 301.

Belleville Nurseries!
—for—
—Hardy Shade and Ornamental Trees.
—Flowering Shrubs.
—Hedge Plants, Evergreens.
—Hardy Perennials in variety.
—Select varieties of Roses a specialty.
W. C. REID,
179 Dundas St.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.
15tf

DOXSEE & CO.

A Clean-up Sale
—of—
Summer Millinery
Among the various groups are included French and New York Models AT HALF PRICE.
Choice Hats from our own workroom—$2.98, $3.90, etc.
Children's and Misses' Hats in Straw and Leghorn AT COST PRICE AND LESS to clear.

HOSIERY
See our $1.00 Silk Stockings—nothing better.

The Leading Millinery House

Hand-Tailored to Order Clothes
Guaranteed Indigo Blue Serge Suits
$37.50
You'll get the most clothes SATISFACTION — the best clothes ECONOMY—If you'll let us make your next suit.
W.W.ADAMS
Merchant Tailor.
Newburgh, - Ont.

TIRES!
Gutta Percha Cross Cord
Oversize
30 x 3½
$10.95
Bath Garage
A "Want Adv." in the columns of The Express brings results.

Send Your Deposits by Mail
THOSE who find it more convenient to do their banking by mail, will find that the co-operative services of this Bank meet all requirements. Write our nearest branch to-day and arrange to do your banking by mail. You will save the trouble of frequent trips to town.
THE DOMINION BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH,
C. WAITE, Manager.

NAPANEE CIVIC HOLIDAY, Monday, August 10th.

TENTS FOR SALE or TO RENT—THE M. B. MILLS CO. 35-b

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Apply to WM. PEARSON, East Dundas St. 34-a

WANTED—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply Box M., Express Office.

WANTED—A modern apartment, unfurnished, married couple, children. Apply BOX 401. 35-b

TO RENT—North half of brick house on Robert street. Apply J. A. CLIFF, Robert street. 24-tf

GOOD BAY MARE FOR SALE—Four years old, about 1250 lbs. Apply JAS. ELLIOTT, at Card's Garage, Napanee. 34-tf

FOUND—Near Centreville, a pair of gold rimmed glasses. Owner may have same by applying to RENE STORRINGS, Centreville. 35-b

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE—Farm, 225 acres, more or less, of late R. A. Fowler, M.P.P., and summer home, 2 acres, more or less, of late Daniel Fowler, R.C.A., Amherst Island. Apply U. M. WILSON, Napanee, Ontario. 22-tf

The Better Maxim.

"Look on your best friends with the thought that they may one day become your worst enemies," was an ancient maxim of worldly prudence. It is for us to reverse this maxim and rather say, "Look on your worst enemies with the thought that they may one day become your best friends."—Dean Stanley.

Wives for Colonists.

In 1621 on August 21 a cargo consisting of marriageable women was consigned at London to the colony of Virginia. The market price of these ladies, eleven maids and one widow, was set at 120 pounds of the best leaf tobacco for each maid. No reduction in price was mentioned for the widow.

New Term of Endearment.

It much disgrbed Billy to have a friend address his baby brother as "a darling lamb." "His name is Leigh and he is not a lamb," he informed the woman, who explained that it was an endearing term. Next day his mother heard him exclaiming over his brother as a precious little camel.

No Disgrace to Be Hypnotized.

An idiot or a person without considerable ability in concentrating his mind can not be hypnotized. The fact that one has been hypnotized is proof that he can hold his mind on one subject. It is, therefore, not to his discredit, but rather the contrary.

PROCLAMATION

Under and by virtue of a resolution of the Municipal Council of the Town of Napanee, I hereby proclaim

MONDAY, AUGUST 10th, 1925

as a

CIVIC HOLIDAY

in and for the said Town of Napanee, and I do respectfully request that all citizens do loyally observe the same.

DR. E. MING,
Mayor.

July 21st, 1925.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

The new French Enamel White Paint is the greatest advance in paint manufacturing of recent years. Absolutely will not turn yellow. One coat covers where two are ordinarily required and it costs no more. Ask for a demonstration at WALLACE'S, Napanee, Agents.

HOT WEATHER ADVICE

By ERWIN GREER
(President Greer College of Automotive Engineering, Chicago).

During the hot months you should see that the radiator is continually flushed out and filled with clean water. In connection with this efficient fan belt adjustment should be made, for the fan is needed more than ever in summer. The position of the spark lever should be watched to see that it is kept in an advanced position, for thus it insures better cooling of the engine.

Generally speaking, a car operates at least expense per mile when it runs in high gear with the spark advanced, but not always. This condition is a most extravagant one when the car is running slowly, first because the spark is then too early, producing a spark knock, and second, because the power impulses are farther apart and the action is therefore less even, power being consumed in overcoming the inertia of the fly-wheel, which is very great at an uneven torque.

Many drivers try to stay in high gear and keep their spark lever advanced all the way as long as possible in climbing a hill. Under these conditions, when a change is finally to be made, it may be necessary to go down into low gear because of the slow speed, whereas speed would have suffered with a little more momentum. Not only this, however, for with the engine laboring there is a great strain on all the parts, the bearings are undergoing great pressure while only being poorly oiled and with the spark too far advanced, the combustion of the gas is partially exerted in a reverse direction, actually slowing down the engine and puglly on dead center, subjecting the whole engine to a terrible shock at every explosion. Naturally, too, much fuel is being wasted in this destructive effort.

Most drivers who do this think they are economizing because, they reason, their engines are turning over a few times for a given distance of car travel, and hence less gas is being passed through the engine and burned. This is not so, for if a change were made to second speed, actually less fuel would be consumed.

The battery should be tested with a hydrometer at least once a week. The specific gravity of the electrolyte should never be allowed to fall below 1.250. Each cell should be filled with distilled water regularly every week. This is highly important and should NOT be neglected.

Signs of overcharging will be evidenced by overheating in the battery. The temperature of which would be kept below 100 degrees F. To test for overheating feel of the lead connectors at the top of the battery. If they are more than blood heat there is danger of injuring the battery. When the temperature exceeds 100 degrees F. the car should be run with all lights burning until conditions return to normal.

And the brakes are the most IMPORTANT of all. EXAMINE and repair them carefully.

ODESSA.

Mrs. Fred Scott, Montreal, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Fraser.

Mrs. G. B. Joy, Miss Rose Joy, Miss Edna Joy and Master Garnett Joy and Mr. and Mrs. McLean and family, Napanee, called on friends last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Woodcock, Napanee spent Sunday last with Mrs. Woodcock's sister, Mrs. C. Kilgannon.

George Allen and daughter, Mrs. German, and two children, Rochester, N.Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Smith.

Dr. Oscar Mabee, Mrs. Mabee and son, New Providence, Iowa, are visiting the former's brother, Dr. J. E. Mabee and Mrs. Mabee, also Mrs. Mabee's aunt, Mrs. Geo. Dellor. It is their intention to remain until after the Old Boys' Reunion in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. King and Miss Marie Kenyon spent last week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Kenyon, Verona. On their return they were accompanied by Miss Norma Kenyon, who has been spending the past week at their home.

Roquefort Cheese.

Roquefort cheese is imported from the village of Roquefort, in the department of Aveyyron, France. It is made from the milk of goats and when cured in the rocky caves of the Larac cliffs. The production of this cheese is enormous, though the population of the village is about 1,000.

Oldtime Mirrors.

Mirrors were used by Anglo-Saxon women almost to their graves. The same custom prevailed in the time of Elizabeth and James I. They formed the center of many fans at that period and later. Before glass was invented horn and metal were used.

Production of Jade.

Practically all the jade now mined comes from Burma, though New Zealand is a producer of some note. China takes practically the entire output. In Burma the privilege of mining it has been held by the same Indian or Shan tribe for many generations.

An Objection.

When I was at my cousin's wedding everything was going along very nicely. Just after the minister said "Has any one any objection to these two being wed?" my baby brother cried out "Da, da."—Exchange.

CHAUTAUQUA IS GIVING SPLENDID PROGRAMS THIS YEAR

The Napanee Chautauqua opened here on Sunday afternoon and was very well attended. The big brown tent on the West Ward School grounds held a large and enthusiastic audience at both the afternoon and evening performances. The Jugo-Slav Tamburica orchestra gave a unique musical entertainment at both the afternoon and evening performances. In the evening Dr. Hilton I. Jones gave an address on "Science and the Future" that will long be remembered in Napanee as one of the most outstanding lectures ever heard by a local audience.

On Sunday the local Chautauqua committee arranged a special evening service, and Dr. Jones again gave a splendid address to an audience which packed the tent to overflowing. Several sacred musical selections were also rendered by Mr. Cyril Waite and by a local male septet, made Rev. W. Tanton and Rev. Mr. Coleman officiated at the service.

On Monday morning the Faubel Entertainers gave an interesting performance, especially for the children, and the large number of kiddies present had a wonderful time.

On Monday afternoon the Faubel Company again entertained a large audience. Instrumental selections, costumed sketches and impersonations formed an interesting part of a widely diversified program.

On Monday evening the tent was filled with an excited and awe-struck audience as Laurini, the great magician, and his company performed this many marvelous works of mystery. The spectacular stage setting and lighting in this performance were very effective.

The week has been ideal for Chautauqua this year, and the programs have been especially good. It is anticipated that the next three days will see a large number of people taking advantage of the splendid programs still remaining.

REMAINING EVENTS ON CHAUTAUQUA PROGRAM.

TUESDAY, August 4th
Morning
Children's Entertainment—Julian B. Arnold.
Afternoon
Lecture—"Arabian Nights"—Julian B. Arnold.
Night
"Give and Take," A Sparkling Comedy—A New York Cast.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5th
Grand Concert—Chicago Lyric Singers.
Night
Concert—Chicago Lyric Singers.
Lecture—"Pathways to Power"—William Raney Bennett.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6th
Morning
Children's Entertainment—Everett Kemp.
Afternoon
Concert—Harp Ensemble Company.
Dramatic Entertainment—Everett Kemp.
Night
Grand Concert—Featuring "The Shepherd's Dream"—Harp Ensemble Company.

NEWBURGH.

A very successful lawn social was held on the parsonage grounds on Tuesday evening, July 28th. A large gathering of people from all the circuit enjoyed both refreshments and a splendid programme. The programme opened with a selection sung by Miss Leah Ramsay. The attraction of the evening was the May Pole by eight little girls: Hazel Walter, Wil. Files, Marie Lewis, Marie Ramsay, Gertie Ramsay, Mildred Harrison, Harried Gandier and Francis Shier, accompanied by Mabel McNeely. Other very pleasing and acceptable numbers were violin selections by Miss Emberly; piano selections by Miss Helen Williams; duets by Miss Beulah and Mr. Hudgin; Mrs. Bruce Finley and Mr. Jack Millen; patriotic chorus by seven young men from Wesley, vocal solo by Mrs. Bruce Finley. The success of this lawn social is due to the loyal cooperation of the several appointments. The proceeds were $65. Although the day had been wet and the evening cold, it was considered by all a most successful social.

Eros.

Eros is known to astronomers as the name of a very tiny planet, but one of the highest importance, because it has enabled them to measure with the greatest accuracy the distance of the sun. Not only that; it has helped them to find the distances of the stars, and even to measure the dimensions of the universe itself.

Eros, discovered not many years ago, was a great surprise to astronomers, as no one had an idea that any planet came so near the earth.

It is only a few miles across. If anyone could reach it from the earth he would be able to jump a mile on it with the same effort as he would jump a few feet on the earth. If he had been accustomed to carry, say, a hundredweight of coals on the earth, he could easily carry sixty or more tons on Eros. Supposing he were a man of average weight, he would be a remarkably light creature on Eros—eight of him would go to the pound.

"The Shepherd's Dream" to Be Presented at Chautauqua

"The Shepherd's Dream," original musical production, presented with special scenery and costumes, will be a feature of a grand concert to be given at the coming Dominion Chautauqua here by the well-known Harp Ensemble Company. In addition to "The Shepherd's Dream," a program of a classic and popular character is presented featuring the music of the harp. Two harps, cello, violin, organ and piano, as employed by members of this company, lend themselves to beautiful instrumental ensembles, quartets, trios, duo and solo numbers. Vocal solos with ensemble and piano accompaniment give pleasing variety.

The Big Event of Napanee Chautauqua

Afternoon and Evening Program, Thursday, Aug. 6th

OUTLOOK FOR THE FARMER

Every evidence points to the fact that this is going to be a good year for the farmer. The crop outlook in the prairie provinces indicates a splendid harvest and other cereals. Statistics are dry reading at best, but they mean a lot to the agriculturist. Without laboring them, it is estimated that the Canadian wheat yield will probably be as much as 365,000,000 bushels, of which 343,000,000 will come from the west, an increase of about eighty million bushels as compared with last year.

The farmer, however, is not out of the wood yet, and unfavorable influences may affect the crop before it is safely harvested, but the prospects are encouraging. Alberta's estimate is 14 bushels to the acre, or 77,000,000 bushels of an increase of sixteen million bushels. The other provinces will show corresponding increases. In southern Saskatchewan damage has been done by hail, but insurance will cover a large percentage of the loss from this source.

Ontarion farmers are confidently expecting a good return on their labor. And in this connection when industrial conditions might easily show improvement the extra money earned by the agriculturist, means a great deal to the business people of the province and, indeed all over the Dominion. When farmers prosper their greater spending power affects favorably every business element in the country.

Apart from a natural desire to see the farmer receive just reward from his labor, everyone will reap some return from the prosperity and share in the bounty that comes his way. He has less competition to fear in the wheat world than hitherfore, and if prices reach and remain at a favorable level, an excellent dividend will be obtained. The tendency of the United States to disappear from the list of food-exporting countries, has become more marked in recent years. Eastern races are turning to rice instead of wheat, and this is an additional market hitherto comparatively but little exploited.

The Canadian farmer has now a wider field for the export of his products. Of course Great Britain will, we will remain our greates overseas customer, but on the authority of experts, prices will tend to rise as time goes on, a prospect which they declare is far from comforting to food importing nations. Meat is also in demand in greater quantity in European countries, another fact which is encouraging to the Canadian cattle industry. The present year may see this country taking a larger and firmer hold on international markets.

GREER COLLEGE ACQUIRES U. S. V. B. ELECTRICAL TRADE SCHOOL

Will Now Teach Electrical Trade.

The United States Veteran's Bureau Electrical trade school has just been added to the Greer College of Automotive and Electrical Trades, Chicago.

The U. S. V. B. school was one of the most completely equipped electrical schools of its kind in the United States, and is said to have cost the government approximately $250,000 for equipment and installation.

The modern, up-to-date equipment has been moved to Greer College and will be used henceforth in a new course of training in practical electricity now being offered by Greer College.

In acquiring the U. S. V. B. school, the Greer College has placed itself in a most advantageous position for teaching ambitious men the fundamentals of the electrical trade in addition to the automotive business, in which it has specialized for the past twenty-three years with many thousands successful men to its credit.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE OPENING

Tuesday, Sept. 1st, according to the prospectus of the Department of Education of Ontario, is the opening day for Collegiate Institutes and High Schools.

In order that there may be sufficient accommodation for the pupils who are entering the Collegiate Institute for the first time, they are requested to send their names to the Principal, Dr. G. W. Morden, stating if possible, the course they wish to take.

Pupils of Form II who were promoted to Form III, as well as any of last year's class who are returning and will be enrolled in Form III are specially requested to send in their names to the Principal at once. It is probable that there will be two forms for the first year of Middle School—Forms IIIA and IIIB. Those who do not make application now for Form III (first year of Middle School) will be given seats after those who have applied early have been placed.

As soon as the results of the Middle and Upper School examinations are published, those expecting to take Upper School work next year are requested to send in their applications to the Principal.

Residents of Napanee who can accommodate pupils with board or lodging are requested to send their names to Mr. J. G. Fennell, Sec.-Treas., of the Board of Education.

Make Your Old Car Look Like New.

Martin-Senour Automobile Enamel will do it. Low cost and enduring qualities make it possible for all.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

STELLA.

Haying is practically completed although the frequent rains have delayed the work. The second crop of hay crops have benefited a very great deal by the rains.

The Delco Light agents have been canvassing the island.

W. Flynn, piano tuner, has had a long list of pianos, during his stay here, to tune or tune.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanson have arrived at Stella Point for the season.

Sympathy is expressed to Mrs. Hanson and Miss McBride in the loss of their brother, who expired very suddenly a short time ago in Kingston.

Mr. W. R. Preston has returned from a visit with his sister, Mrs. Algar, at Belleville.

Miss Edith Soles, of Kingston, is the guest of her aunt, Miss M. Hill.

Miss Leona Beaubien is visiting friends in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Anderson, of Napanee, spent last week-end with friends here.

A great many from here attended the laying of the cornerstone of the new Anglical Church at Bath.

Mrs. John Kilpatrick, Mrs. Jas. Strain and Miss N. Burleigh, B.A., spent last week-end with relatives in Picton.

Mrs. Eyre and Miss Marjorie Bell, of Kingston, spent a pleasant two weeks here with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Addis.

The Misses Verna and Wilma Strain, of Rochester, N.Y., are spending their vacation here with their grandmother, Mrs. S. Strain.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Reid and children, of Oshawa, are holidaying with his parents here.

It is reported that an Odessa farmer, wishing to measure the growth of a cornstalk, began to measure it in July. It grew rapidly, and the last time the neighbors saw him he was out of sight.

Insure Your Buildings!

Against decay, by using Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paint, and improve your home surroundings 100 per cent. We also carry Government Standard White Lead, best Boiled Oil, Turpentine, etc.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

BATH.

Word was received here on Tuesday last of the sudden death at Ottawa, of Pearl Hoselton, eldest daughter of Charles J. and the late Mrs. Hoselton. The body was brought here for interment.

Hope Swayne, of Marmora, has been spending a few days with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Swayne, at St. John's Rectory.

Mrs. Creighton, Belleville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Loyst.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kellar and family, Rochester, N.Y., are visiting at Faber Covert's.

Mrs. Max Culver and baby spent a few days last week with friends in Odessa.

Mrs. J. M. Wemp is spending some time at Oak Leaf with her sister, Mrs. R. J. Green, who is seriously ill.

Miss Loyd, Napanee, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ross Sexsmith.

Rev. E. Burgess, Kingston, who is camping near the village, occupied the pulpit in in the United Church on Sunday evening last.

Miss Dawe, Kingston, spent a few days with Rev. and Mrs. Swayne, at St. John's Rectory.

Miss Mary Hamm, who has spent the last five years in Japan, returned home on Saturday. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Fred Hamm, who spent the last three months with her there.

DENBIGH.

What might have resulted in a very serious accident was happily prevented by the presence of mind of a boy less than eight years of age. A group of village children were playing near H. Fritsche' boat house, when little Miss Audrey Davy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Green, fell in deep water, and would have been carried down stream if Emil Christiansen, a son of Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Christiansen, of Toronto, who are enjoying a few weeks holidays with relatives here, had not promptly got hold of the little girl's clothes and pulled her out of the water.

Wm. Shoenich, of Kitchener, who was for a couple of weeks a welcome guest of his grandparents here, has returned to his city home, accompanied by Miss Bertha Stein, who intends to visit her relatives there and enjoy a few weeks' city life before the new school term begins.

Mrs. G. M. Merkel and daughters, of Ottawa, who enjoyed a few pleasant weeks visiting her numerous relatives and friends at her old home here, have also returned to their city home.

Mrs. Albert Stein and daughter, Mabel, of Brockville, and Harry Chatson, of Renfrew, also had a pleasant week's recreation here, the home of their youth.

COMING :-: EVENTS

NAPANEE CIVIC HOLIDAY, Monday, August 10th.

CHAUTAUQUA at Napanee, week commencing August 1st, West Ward School Grounds.

MEETING AT PICTON of Liberals of Lennox and Addington and Prince Edward Counties on Wednesday, August 12th, at 2 p.m.

LENNOX COUNTY FAIR at Napanee on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, August 25th, 26th, 27th, and 28th. Get a Prize List next week.

AN ORGAN RECITAL will be given in the Church of St. Mary Magdalene by Lady Manning, assisted by other talent, on Friday evening, August 14th. Particulars later.

NAPANEE FAIR, AUGUST 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th. Good program every afternoon and evening. Music by the Highlanders Band, of Cobourg; Concerts and Fire Works every evening; Big Community dance in the Armouries Friday evening. Music by the Kilties' 9-piece Orchestra.

ELECTION TALK

(By J. RUSSELL FORSTER)

Will there be a federal election this year?

This is a question that agitates the Conservative protectionists. The masses of the people, however, do not show the same interest, a very great contrast with their attitude in 1921. At that time the people had passed through trials and tribulations under the Borden and Meighen governments and suffered as the people of Canada had never been called upon to suffer—from the pains and deprivations of war and the brigandage of the cut-throat profiteers who operated in broad daylight.

They had seen the ignominious "National Conservative and Liberal" government of Meighen et al formed from the wreck of the Borden Union government in defiance of the popular will; the treasury looted and the public debt increased from $416,892,576 in 1914, to $2,676,284,300 with an interest charge of $198,000,000, a sum exceeding the entire pre-war revenue of Canada from Customs and Excise. Despite Meighen's tariff, imports from the United States reached the unprecedented figure of $801,097,318, or 75.25 per cent. of our total imports and the balance of trade against us was $4,164,933,573. The Canadian dollar suffered a decline in value, and all business was subjected to a ruinous exchange which placed our exports at a great disadvantage causing a general decline in nearly all manufacturing industries. In addition to this our export business was being steadily squeezed by the North Atlantic Shipping Conference. Farmers, manufacturers, dealers and exporters protested to the Conservative government in vain against the exorbitant ocean freight rates by which millions of dollars were being annually taken out of the pockets of Canadian farmers.

One of the unaccountable transactions of the late Borden Government was the creation of the Canadian Merchant Marine, a fleet of 63 cargo vessels of six different types, none of which were suitable to compete with the Atlantic Companies in the interest of Canadian trade. These vessels cost the people of Canada $80,000,000. As a matter of fact the ships became a part of the Shipping Conference and remained in it until after the investigation of the depredations of the combine by the King government on behalf of Canadian farmers, manufacturers and exporters who had appealed to the Borden and Meighen governments as disclosed by the flood of letters of complaint and protest on file in the office of the minister of trade and commerce, Sir Geo. Foster.

The result of the 1921 election was not unexpected. The personality of the Liberal leader, Rt. Hon. W. L. M. King, was the dominant factor despite the manner in which the extremists everywhere had been goaded into fanaticism by Conservative arrogance during the years intervening between 1911 and 1921. Four years of power have given him an enviable place in the public confidence. Not only has his administration been conspicuously marked by wise economy and constructive legislation, but he has succeeded in harmonizing conflicting interests.

To experience a growing popularity is no small achievement for a political leader under ordinary circumstances, but when we consider fully the situation that existed in 1921, the revelation in political thought, and the opposing forces that threatened to submerge our political and economic structure, the achievements of Premier King are phenomenal and place him in an unique position unattained by any previous political leader in Canada. At its very inception the King government was called the "Fielding-Sonin" government by the premier's opponents, but events soon proved the fallacy of the criticism although the Premier is not without resourcefulness in the selection of able subordinates. In astuteness, subtle discernment and the power to act, he has no peer in the Canadian political arena.

"What about the Nova Scotia election?" is a question we hear. The result of the Nova Scotia elections was due solely to local causes, and the fact that it is impossible for a party to remain in office continuously for more than forty-two years. It is to be hoped that banishment from public office during that period may have had a salutary effect upon the Nova Scotia Conservatives. There is no denying the fact that the path to federal power may often be traced through the various provincial legislatures. The party in control of provincial affairs wields a tremendous influence, and federal leaders cannot afford to ignore entirely the fortunes of their friends in the provincial arena. It is therefore reassuring to have a Liberal victory in Saskatchewan, especially as it indicates a return to normal thought as a result of the confidence inspired by Liberal policies in federal and provincial matters.

Whether the King government goes to the country this year or next is not a matter that calls for immediate decision, but the return of the government to office for a further period of five years is of supreme importance to the country financially as well as politically.

The present is not a time for Tory reaction, but for continuous constructive effort along progressive lines. Our governments must take account of the dispositions and circumstances of every class in the population. For us, harmony serves better as a unifying conception and it remains for us to carry it through with the same logical economy, the same practical resourcefulness, the same driving force that inspired Sir Wilfrid Laurier and has given such compelling power to the eloquence of Premier King.

It is not our purpose here to express reliance upon the advertising value of past success, but rather upon the development of a deeper and convinced opinion which alone can give a permanence to the splendid work of our great leaders and inspire Liberals everywhere to noble effort.

In anticipation of an election Mr. Meighen has issued his tariff manifesto, and high protection is being preached once more. Letters on the tariff are being published by J. J. Gibbons, advertising agent of Toronto. The letters are addressed to Premier King, not because the writer expects the premier to be convinced, but in order to attract the attention of gullible people who are asked to consent to the criminal taxation for the benefit of the special interests.

If Mr. Gibbons sincerely desired tariff legislation the opportunity was presented to him during the budget debate several months ago. Why leave so important a matter until after the close of the Parliamentary session? As a matter of fact Mr. Gibbons has nothing to offer in his letters that has not been presented with greater conviction in Parliament. In reply to his arguments it may be sufficient to say that the whole trouble with protection is that it does not produce in practice the benefits its advocates claim in theory.

FAULTS OF PROTECTION

A protective tariff's worst feature is the manner in which it encourages and facilitates combination. It has been so in Germany and the United States. In the first place high protection encourage a rush of capital into manufacturing industries, and the competition that followed within the protected market became very keen. This exclusive competition led to price-cutting and loss all round with the result that the competing firms had to combine as the only means of avoiding bankruptcy. This saved labor in the markets on the market, and the unfortunate part of it was that labor, such as that employed in the manufacturing industries being highly specialized, could not easily adapt itself to new forms of employment.

We will take the United States Sugar Trust as an example. There were originally twenty-three refineries, and the Trust that was formed closed seventeen of them. Another widely known industry with eighty plants combined, and as a result sixty-eight were closed.

The only course open to a government opposed to the trust movement is to abolish or lower its tariff to a point that will ensure a national revenue. It is not to be said that combinations are utterly bad. They are capable of economizing and reducing the unit of cost in their particular lines, but they are only human and are inclined always to take full advantage of the opportunities they enjoy under high protective tariffs.

The anti-combines Act passed two years ago by the King government was intended to provide a check upon the depredations of combinations in Canada. Much good work has been done in the prairie provinces, and investigations are being made in Ontario. The operation of this Act should have beneficial results.

Horses Versus Elephants.

Tests made to determine the respective pulling power of horses, men and elephants showed that two horses weighing 1,600 pounds each, together, pulled 3,750 pounds, or 550 pounds more than their combined weight. One elephant weighing 12,000 pounds pulled 8,750 pounds, or 3,250 pounds less than its weight. Fifty men, aggregating 7,500 pounds, pulled 8,750 pounds, or just as much as the single elephant, but, like the horse, they pulled more than their own weight. One hundred men pulled 12,000 pounds.

A Friendly Errand.

A small Scottish boy entered a tobacconist's, and with the air of an autocrat placed a penny on the counter and requested a packet of cigarettes. The tobacconist, after viewing the customer, pushed his money back to the youth and said: "Awa' and buy a scone!" Picking up the coin, the "smoker" took his departure, and in about five minutes returned with a paper bag, which he held up to the shopman, saying: "Here, mister, here's yer scone, and gie's ma cigarettes!"

Trick Hair.

My little brother, Bobby, always liked to have Mr. L—— call, because he could perform an act which awed as well as amused him greatly—wriggle his hair. One evening, during such a performance, Bobby said wistfully, "You can wriggle yours, sister can take hers clear off and lay it on the bureau, and I can't do a thing with mine."—Chicago Tribune.

Saw It on the Way.

Billie was soon to have his third birthday and could hardly wait for the party his mother promised him. Every day he inquired about it. His mother told him his little birthday hadn't come yet and that he must wait until it came. He ran to the window and said: "Oh, mamma, I see it now coming up the road."

Coming to Napanee for Evening Program Chautauqua, Wednesday, Aug. 5th

Popular Chicago Lyric Singers at Coming Dominion Chautauqua

The Chicago Lyric Singers, popular musical entertainment organization, will be a distinctive feature of the coming Dominion Chautauqua here.

This notable company presents, with rare artistry, many of the beautiful songs of Wales, given in typical Welsh costumes.

Gypsy selections sung in Spanish gypsy costumes and oratorio gems, together with selections from both light opera and grand opera, are included in their repertoire.

The members of this company are not only exceptional singers, but possess in remarkable degree the dramatic qualities so necessary in addition to their vocal gifts.

EVILS THAT MENACE SOCIETY

REV. J. PHILLIPS, JONES, M.A., B.D.

Social Service Council of Canada.

In one of our largest Canadian cities, when six young men were placed on trial for statutory offences, startling revelations were made of the path whereby youthful "butterflies" brought disgrace to themselves and their families. It was a night of revelry which included childish play on the ferris wheels and merry-go-rounds, followed by a drink called "gin," as the girls told the court. They were also given a room in a down-town hotel. One of the girls is 13, and the other is 15 years of age.

This raises the question—are we living in a fool's paradise? What of the evils of society that are flagrant among us today? For instance, the modern dance-hall. Are our young women properly chaperoned at such places? Are these places frequented by the type that we wish our young men and women to associate with? Serious charges are made against many such places and not without cause. It behooves our fathers and mothers, for the safety of their sons and daughters, to know beyond peradventure that the dance their children delight in, is under proper auspices, with no shadow of doubt as to its moral influence.

Another evil is that of pernicious literature. In spite of all vigilance, trashy magazines and periodicals find their way to our bookstalls. One minister says, "it is coming in by the ton." If so, then a campaign of suppression is the call of the hour. Nothing so inflames the passion and dulls the moral sense as gloating over pictures and sketches that have a salacious suggestion. What is your boy reading? What magazines delight your girl? And not all the literature that is even allowed by law is the type your boy and girl should read. What they read reacts on their lives. I think of a conversation I heard recently by a group of young women at a summer picnic. What were they talking about? Just the things they had been reading of—novels, plays and vaudeville artists and the life at "Hollywood." These girls were light, giddy, irresponsible, empty. What they were reading was reacting on their interpretation of life. There is a world of difference between insipidity and so-called Puritanism. There is a wealth of happy, pure ideals for virile man and wholesome young women between these two extremes.

"It's high time someone started to clean things up," said one who knows of conditions. What he referred to was the joyride after the dance. About the evil in question it was said: "the police knew and the doctors knew and life hospitals knew." What are we to do about them?

And then there is the orgy of gambling that goes on at the horse races throughout the land. "I won $200.00 last week," said a young woman who had been beguiled into the ensnaring evil of betting. "Won $200.00?" She little thought she had lost more than she had won. She had lost her sense of moral values. She had lost the finer idealism of life. She had lost that true perspective that always regards "others." No one wins without someone losing. And the tragedies of lives by gambling would fill volumes.

Whether our young women, to say nothing of our young men, are thus led on, what shall we say of our future citizens? Are we to raise a race of gamblers? The immoral and deteriorating effects of gambling are beyond question. These, and other evils are flagrant disease spots in our national life. It behooves all true lovers of our country to arise and wipe them out.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

BY CHARLES G. TRUMBULL, Editor of The Sunday School Times.

BEGINNING THE SECOND MISSIONARY TOUR

Sunday, Aug. 9.—Acts 15: 36 to 16: 5.

Golden Text—He shall have Dominion also from sea to sea, and from the river unto the ends of the earth (Psalms 72: 8).

Two young men are the centres of interest in this week's Bible narrative. One of them had an uneven career; the other, so far as we know, was kept remarkably true in his Christian life and service. The first of these was John Mark, the other was Timothy. It will make a profitable study, for any class, to look up in a concordance all the references to both names (including John, Marcus and Timotheus) and bring together all the information the Bible gives us concerning these two typical characters.

Paul had suggested to his fellow-missionary, Barnabas, that they revisit every city they had evangelized in their first missionary tour, "and see how they (the new Christian converts) do." It is well to trace the first missionary journey on a Bible map, from Antioch in Syria, west into Asia Minor and back again, according to the route described in Acts 13 and 14.

Those who have been brought from death into life through faith in Christ as Saviour, need to be taught and built up, grounded and established. Paul knew this, as does every experienced Christian worker. For the saved are shining marks for the Satan. He does everything in his power to break down the faith and the testimony of those who are Christ's even though he can never separate them wholly from Christ, for our Lord Himself said, concerning those to whom he gives eternal life, that no man "shall pluck them out of My hand," and no one "is able to pluck them out of My Father's hand" (John 10: 28, 29). But they can be sadly injured by Satan and sin (I. John 2: 13; 3: 6). Paul did not believe that a young man of this sort, "who departed from them from Pamphylia, and went not with them to the work," would be helpful on a mission of strengthening young Christians. Barnabas thought they ought to take him. They could not agree, and so these first missionaries, Paul and Barnabas, parted company and went on separate journeys.

Was this right? Certain it is that it was either right or wrong to take Mark at this time; and the Bible record leaves us in little doubt that Paul was right and Barnabas was wrong. For after reading the abrupt comment that "Barnabas took Mark and sailed unto Cyprus," Barnabas drops out of the Bible history and is not heard of again. Paul's departure with Silas instead of Mark is recorded by the Holy Spirit in quite a different way; they "departed being recommended by the brethren unto the grace of God." And in contrast with the silence of the Bible narrative thereafter as to Barnabas, the missionary experiences of Paul and Silas are filled with conversions and thrilling demonstrations of God's miracle- power.

Best of all, John Mark "came back," and Paul welcomed him, and having failed to take upon him, and commended him tenderly to others. The discipline of being cut off from Paul's confidence and fellowship for a time was undoubtedly one of the factors used by God in fashioning the spiritual life and usefulness of this young Christian. Mark, too, had a praying mother (Acts 12: 12), and afterward a traveling companion and real helper of Paul, as we see by Paul's hearty and grateful references to him (Colossians, 4: 10; II Timothy, 4: 11; Philemon, 24). And he was actually entrusted with writing one of the four inspired Gospels of our Lord Jesus Christ. What a glorious restoration the grace of God can make of any man who lets Him.

Young Timothy was discovered by Paul at Lystra, and was led by him to Christ, having been already brought up in a Christian family (II Tim. 1: 2-6). His mother was a Christian Jewess and his father a Gentile; in recognition of the continuing standing before God of the Jews in that region concerning circumcision—Jews among whom Paul and Timothy must work—Paul had the young man circumcised. The Old Testament law of circumcision, though doubtless explaining to him that this was not a condition of salvation, but was a confession to the natural prejudice of others.

At the same time Paul and Silas taking Timothy with them, visited the cities in which they had already led many to Christ, and delivered the official decree of the Council at Jerusalem that circumcision was not essential to salvation, but only faith in Christ; the injunction of abstinence "from meats offered to idols, and from blood, and from things strangled, and from fornication" (Acts 15: 29) was included.

Timothy, from all later references, seems to have grown normally and steadily in grace. The grace of God in Christ Jesus which could restore Mark could keep Timothy.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53. ROBT. LIGHT.

The Fort Garry

THIS is one of the chain of splendid hotels owned and operated by the Canadian National Railways. It is situated in Winnipeg and it was there that delegates to the annual convention of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association were entertained to a supper dance. The site of the Fort Garry is close to the original site of the old trading post, which grew into the City of Winnipeg. The vine-covered gate of the original Fort Garry stands a few yards from the hotel, which perpetuates its name.

Beech Valuable in Medicine.

The beech, which is found in the temperate zone in Europe, America and Asia, is valuable in medicine for the creosote distilled from its tar. Creosote, creosote carbonate and guaiacol are medicines used to supplement the hygienic measures which have done so much to reduce the death rate in sufferers from pulmonary tuberculosis.

The Horse in Scripture.

Sacred story has not forgotten the horse. There we are told of the "pale horse whose name is Death," the horse to whose "strength" we are not to "trust," the "horsemen and chariots" of Pharaoh, with thousands of others too numerous to mention. In the pages of the Scriptures alone the horse occupies a goodly place.

General Grant Knew.

To Johnnie Hoskins: Yes, you are right. Soldiers always grew tired of beans as a sandy diet. We think it was General Grant who said: "Let us have peas."—Arkansaw Thomas Cat

States With Spanish Names.

The following state names are of Spanish derivation: California—hot furnace; Colorado—color red; Florida—feast of flowers; Nevada—snow covered; Oregon—wild marjoram.

Coming and Going.

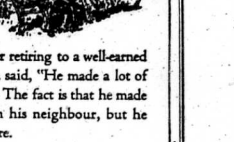
An electric towboat on a shallow French canal has propellers on both ends and is driven either by storage batteries or power obtained from an overhead wire.

"GUTTA PERCHA" LOW PRESSURE BALLOON TIRES

All tire improvements are yours —from the first day on

JOHN MURPHY
Vulcanizer
Dealer in GUTTA PERCHA TIRES
Market Square - - Napanee, Ontario

He made money on the farm



OF many a farmer retiring to a well-earned rest it has been said, "He made a lot of money on that farm." The fact is that he made no more money than his neighbour, but he saved a great deal more.

Acquiring wealth is largely a matter of systematic spending and saving. Without a definite plan few men get anywhere. Hard work is not enough; the fruits of the work must be conserved.

Save your money regularly. Open an interest bearing Savings Account.

"A Bank Where Small Accounts Are Welcome"

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years
Total Assets in excess of $700,000,000

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y., Napanee, Ont.

When customers go to the country

many grocers and butchers continue to supply them by calling up out-of-town prospects in a circle of 30, 40, or 50 miles on an appointed day and hour, and getting their orders.

Grocers say they can well afford to do so on weekly orders. Deliveries are made by truck or express.

Visitors renting cottages at nearby points readily respond to offers to supply them, and this is usually profitable business.

We would be glad to help you work out a plan for reaching this trade.

THE TELEPHONE EARNING ITS WAY IN EVERY CANADIAN HOME

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.

Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.

Office Hours:—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
'Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon,
X-Rays a Specialty
170½ Front St., Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

RUSSIA'S IDEA OF PROHIBITION.

Wines and Beers Were Never Under the Ban.

The Bolsheviks are extremists in most things, writes Louis Fischer from Moscow, but their prohibition law is mild.

Wines and beers were never under the ban and recently whiskies containing as little as 30 per cent. alcohol were sanctioned by the authorities. To be sure, the peasants still clamor for the vodka of czarist days, the firewater which officially rose to 46 and unofficially to 90 per cent. spirit. And since the Government still resists deaf to this demand they make it themselves. They manufacture a crude, kerosene-like beverage called "samogon," which translated into English means nothing more and nothing less than "home brew."

Approximately 25 per cent. of all the persons summoned to the courts of Soviet Russia are charged either with producing, selling or drinking "samogon." Half of these are women. It is a widespread evil and the state is well nigh powerless to eradicate it. Every month thousands of persons are arrested for breaking the prohibition law and hundreds are incarcerated for periods ranging from three years to a few weeks, but the spirit goes marching on, especially in the villages.

In the cities "samogon" is less common. Town dwellers can afford the more expensive wines and beers. Beer is the popular drink of the workingmen and the number of beer saloons, or "pivnyas," from the word "pivo," meaning beer, in Moscow, is quite considerable.

The first impression one receives on entering a local beer place is that of a meeting house. The long room on a level with the street pavement has neither mirrors nor counter. Its walls are covered with brightly colored posters. Here hangs a placard which flashes the slogan "Don't Swear." It shows a worker coming home intoxicated and showering his wife, who huddles in a corner to protect the children, with the many unrepeatable curses of which the Russians are particularly fond.

On the opposite wall is an antibootlegging broadsheet bearing lood letters to the effect that "samogonka is a poison which undermines the strength of the working class." Finally, there is a notice on the wall which informs the public that customers in an inebriated condition will not be served.

There are four of us visiting this sanctum. We sit at a little table covered with a cold marble slab. The waiter, whom the customers call "comrade," comes to serve us. He brings a quart bottle of Muenchener. And he brings free lunch. Free lunch consists of half-inch wide cross-sections of a saline fish, a dozen or less stone-hard cubes of rye bread, and a plate of large cooked peas. Neither knife nor fork nor spoon. The company eats with its fingers.

At the table to our left sits a Russian workingman. He seems to take his visit to the pivaya very seriously. His face is set, his legs crossed. He wears leather boots up to his knees into which his trousers are forced. A black blouse and a leather-visored cap complete the characteristically proletarian costume. Without making a single unnecessary movement his hand keeps describing an arc from his mouth to the little glass saucer and back. He is eating the peas as Arabs eat fresh dates. He seizes the globular vegetable with his middle finger and thumb and pushes against the rear section of the pea so that it shoots swiftly down the gullett, leaving in his fingers the spherical translucent skins, which when piled helter skelter on the plate look like so many pearly soap bubbles. After the peas he will attack the fish and gnaw at the bread, and keep the beer for last, so that he can go home with its taste in his mouth.

Most of the patrons are workers. Most of them are alone. There are few couples and no parties. Occasionally there is a band of music or some singing by a gypsy chorus, but tonight only the faint buzz of muffled conversation disturbs the grave-like stillness of this beer saloon. People sit here for hours over a single stein, just as the Germans sit endlessly over their coffee and chocolates in the cafes of Berlin and Vienna.

Cured by Nutmegs.

A nutmeg tree will yield from 1,000 to 10,000 nuts a year. All parts of the fruit are in demand for culinary purposes. In Singapore the natives salt the husks, and in drinking saloons they are supplied for the purpose of creating thirst. A delicious preserve is also prepared from the husks.

The nutmeg is employed in medicine as a carminative and stimulant, and fat from the nut—the so-called nutmeg butter—is used as an application for rheumatism.

It contains from 3 to 8 per cent. of a volatile oil, and the substance myristicin, which possesses narcotic properties. Cases of poisoning as a result of chewing nutmegs have been recorded—a single nutmeg seriously affecting the cerebral functions of man.

Quebec's Forests.

The forest area of the Province of Quebec is estimated to contain 150,000,000 acres, not including the forests and woodlands of Ungava to the north, which was annexed to the Province a few years ago. The annual output of forest products in the Province have a value of about $48,000,000; and from lands and forests the Province receives each year about $4,200,000, which form part of the provincial revenue.

Here and There

According to the official records one hundred and thirty whales have been caught by the Victoria, B.C. whaling fleet so far this season. The sperm whale is the most plentiful this year.

It has been estimated that over one hundred and fifty thousand people attended the Calgary Stampede this year. A historical pageant more than five miles long was the opening feature of the jubilee.

With an estimated attendance of five thousand each, twenty conventions have been booked to take place in Montreal for August, September and October, according to figures from the Tourist and Convention Bureau of that city.

It is expected that when Hon. Honore Mercier, Minister of Lands and Forests, returns to Canada, a thorough organization of the aviation branch of the Quebec Lands and Forests Department will take place. It is reported that the Province is to purchase several more hydroplanes, to be used for forestry research work, as well as for combatting forest fires and other work.

Church dignitaries, statesmen and thousands of laymen congregated in ancient Quebec to be present at the wonderfully impressive ceremonies attendant upon the burial of the late Cardinal Begin. The Basilica, which has only recently been reconstructed and opened to the public, presented a scene of colorful beauty and majestic dignity while the profoundly sorrowful services were being recited.

At this year's Cross-country Ride and Pow-wow of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies it is expected that approximately one hundred riders will cover a new trail which extends from Marble Canyon on the Banff-Windermere Road over the Wolverine Plateau and past Lake O'Hara to Hector, while between 250 and 300 are expected at the Pow-wow near the Wapta Bungalow Camp. While out west Field Marshal Earl Haig signed on as a member of the Trail Ridera.

On the occasion of the departure from England of a party of one hundred school-teachers on board the "Empress of Scotland" to visit Canada and study educational methods here, His Majesty the King sent the following message to the International Education League: "His Majesty congratulates the League upon the happy conception of the undertaking which will give opportunities to study the educational system in Canada and to gain an insight into her history, development and general resources.

That 60,000 harvesters would be required to handle this year's crop, of which the East would be expected to supply 50,000, was the estimate arrived at last week at a conference of various governments held in the Canadian Pacific offices at Winnipeg. In the meantime the Canadian Pacific Railway has taken all necessary steps to transport the army of harvesters. Their colonist cars and special equipment has been overhauled and the company is now fully prepared for its annual rush of harvesters.

Georges Morris Bosworth, Chairman of the Canadian Pacific Steamships, who died in London, England, on the morning of July 26th, from septic poisoning following an operation for appendicitis, was with the company almost from its inception. He was 68 years old when he died, joined the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1882 and was head of the steamship service for nearly seven years. When informed of Mr. Bosworth's death, E. W. Beatty, K.C., chairman and president of the company, stated that in his opinion Mr. Bosworth had had no equal in the country as a manager of railway traffic and added that "the company deeply regrets the passing of another of the old guard, whose ability and effort so largely contributed to the company's success."

A City of Salt.

Wieliczka, in Poland, is the scene of one of the world's largest salt mines. The bed of salt stretches for many hundreds of miles below the surface of the earth, and is about twenty miles broad and 1,200 feet deep. This wonderful mine houses an underground city which, in course, of time, has been hewn from the rock salt.

There are winding streets, a cathedral, pillared churches, restaurants, monuments, and even a railway station. Most of the streets converge towards this point.

Thousands of people live in this underground city, and there are lakes ranging from twenty to thirty feet deep. These are decidedly dangerous to the miners, for sometimes they rise suddenly and cut off the workers.

The existence of the workers and their families in this town is not very secure, and there have been many disasters. Masses of salt are liable to fall in avalanches, and there is also danger from explosions which occur in newly-opened parts of the mine.

Visitors to the city may descend by a winding stairway cut in the solid rock, or by lift, and there are many cafes where one can eat, drink, and dance to the strains of tuneful orchestras.

The Temptation

By OTILLIA FRANCES PFEIFFER

(Copyright, 1919, by Western Newspaper Union.)

John Ross grappled with the strongest temptation of his life. He sat at his desk in his room in the college dormitory, his face pale, his eyes blurred with the strain of his excitement, his hands clasping and unclasping under the strain of a deep and fervent emotion.

"I must not do it!" he breathed. "Even for her sake, I must not burden my soul with a deadly sin!"

Yet the tempter did not abandon him. Before him were two paths. He was free to choose either. Justice pointed out clearly, yet he wavered. The fate, the fortune, the happiness of Arline Dallas lured him to a crime —not for his own sake, but because she was all in all the world to him.

A strange situation had come about. He was a professor of languages in the Marvin Institute. Madge Widener was a teacher in the same place of learning. She was a cousin of Arline Dallas, and they lived at the same home, the latter studying for a position likewise in the college when she was gifted for the same. Both girls were friendly with Ross. Madge had never especially attracted him, but the first time he had met Arline his whole being seemed infused with a new comprehension of life. He had fostered the acquaintanceship to the point of giving two evenings a week to enable Arline to complete a course that would entitle her to a position. The college, however, had its roster full as to tutors, and only the week previous Arline had told him:

"There seems to be no immediate opening for me, and I am thinking of returning to my aunt, and take a place as a stenographer in our home bank."

To lose Arline! To have her disappear from his lonely life like the one star of hope from the firmament of his soul! He shrank from risking all by telling Arline of his love. He was distracted over her probable departure when something happened.

There was an uncle of Arline and Madge who had gone to Africa. He had been absent for five years when his attorney at Natal wrote to the banks at Pittston. He also sent a strong box made of ebony wood and containing, the lawyer wrote, a small fortune. With it was a screed made up of puzzling hieroglyphics. The Natal lawyer explained that, dying two hundred miles away from civilization, Walter Major had directed a faithful native to convey his little fortune to Natal. They spoke the same language, and the native had written the will of his master in characters of his own tongue. This was obscure and not understood at the coast cities, but it was left for the friends and relatives of Mr. Major to translate the same. The bank had naturally sent out the erudite professor of languages. And John Ross had just found a key to the will and had translated its contents. It lay before him now, awaiting his report. The document had named only one of his nieces as his heiress—Madge Widener.

Then had come the temptation. Whatever report Ross made would be accepted. There was no expert translator like himself available to challenge his decision. How much the little fortune would mean to Arline! Ross easily could be name her as the beneficiary! True, it would place her more than ever beyond his reach, but she would be provided for; comfort, even luxury, would be here.

"No—I will not!" uttered the strong man, quivering like an aspen. "If Arline ever knew of the deception she would despise me. Better to live on with a clear conscience, even if a fond memory of my love for her is all I gain than to blacken my soul and rob another!"

So John Ross faithfully executed his mission. Madge Widener, unexpectedly lifted from earning her living to comparative affluence, resigned her position, and then John Ross felt that a great reward had come to him through the inclination of the legacy. A successor to Miss Widener was imperative. He set every available influence at work to encompass the selection of Arline as a substitute. She comprehended his great unfortune, she seemed to draw nearer to him in her deep gratitude. She was not to go away! He was not to lose the joy of her presence!

It was a proud and happy day for John Ross, when the announcement was made confirming a current rumor of his elevation to the best paid professorship in the college—happy because Arline, both hands placed confidingly within his own, looked up into his face with an earnest, sincere expression that was something deeper than mere congratulation.

There was an impromptu social recognition of the event by the faculty and students of the institution. It was the mission of Ross to see Arline to her home after the function was over. She lingered at the garden gate. The glories of the lovely night seemed to invite both to linger there. He trembled as he met the great impulse of many longing months and spoke three sentient, throbbing words—"I love you!"

And Arline's beautiful eyes were lifted in utter confidence and gladness to his own, and their first kiss was a prelude to life-long happiness.

Bewitching.

She—Well, have you seen any witches with wonderful charms about these times?

He—I'm looking at one right now.

The Blacksmith's Art.

The earliest blacksmith's forges known were holes in the sides of hills, called boomeries. The Romans invented the first bellows about the year $50, using a bladder of goat skin.

Nowadays enormous ingots of steel are heated, in furnaces, and the hydraulic forging press is taking the place of the blacksmith's hammer and anvil. The hammer wielded by the strong arm of the village smithy becomes, instead, a hammer equal in might to one of thousands of tons!

AUGUST CLEAN-UP SALE!

AT

McINTOSH BROS.

ALUMINUM

Every piece guaranteed. Percolators, Double Boilers, Round Roasters, Dairy Pails, Preserving Kettles, Potato Pots, Tea Kettles, Sauce Pans, and Spiders. August Clean-up Sale Price .....85c.

CORSET SPECIAL

We will place on our counters for the first three days of our August Clean-up Sale, several dozens of Corsets and Corselettes in Pink and White, at per pair.....89c.

COTTON FILLED COMFORTERS

Covered with Silkoline, size 66 x 72, that are good value at $4.00. August Clean-up Sale Price, each.....$2.79

40 INCH FACTORY COTTON

Here is a lovely piece of Sheeting that is free from those little black spots. August Clean-up Sale Price 29c., or.....4 yds. for $1.00

36 INCH CHINTZ

Our selection of Chintz make beautiful Comforters or Tiedowns. Regularly sold at 50c. During our August Clean-up Sale at.....4 yards for $1.00

36 INCH IMPORTED CHINTZ

In a large range of patterns and colorings. Some large and small patterns and striped effects, worth 75c. yard. August Clean-up Sale Price.....Per yard 49c.

VOILES

The balance of our Beagora Dress Voiles in Sand, Black, Navy, Rose and Taus. Regular 75c. a yard. August Clean-up Sale price.....Per yard 49c.

SILK BROADCLOTH

Pure Silk Broadcloth, about 31 inches wide, in plain colors only; a large range of colorings. Regular $1.25 quality. August Clean-up Sale Price.....89c.

LINEN TOWELLING

Guaranteed every thread pure linen. About 18 inches wide, in White, with red border and dark Stripes. Regular 25c. August Clean-up Sale Price.....4 yards for 98c.

TURKISH TOWELLING

In Blue Stripe, about 17 inches wide. Regular value 25c. August Clean-up Sale Price.....5 yards for 98c.

32 IN. ENGLISH GINGHAM

In Stripes, Checks and Plaids. A large selection to choose from. August Clean-up Sale Price.....4 yards for $1.00

32 IN. ENGLISH ZEPHER

In Stripes, Checks and Plaids. This is a regular 50c. value. During our August Clean-up Sale, per yard.....39c.

38 IN. ENGLISH BROADCLOTH

In plain colors and stripes. The shades are too numerous to mention. Regular price 85c. August Clean-up Sale Price, per yard.....73c.

LADIES' HOUSE DRESSES

Large size House Dresses in Checked Gingham, neatly trimmed. Regular $1.25. August Clean-up Sale Price.....95c.

LADIES' OVERALL APRONS

In light and dark colored print that stands the tub. Regular $1.19. August Clean-up Sale Price.....85c.

LADIES' PRINCESS SLIPS

In Checked Dimity, shadow proof hem, in White, Sand, Green, Light Blue and Yellow. Regular $1.25. August Clean-up Sale Price.....98c.

LADIES' CREPE NIGHTGOWNS

In fancy Check Crepe with and without sleeves, some lace trimmed. August Clean-up Sale Price.....$1.39

LADIES' WHITE COTTON NIGHTGOWNS

With embroidery trimming, with and without sleeves. Regular up to $1.25. August Clean-up Sale Price.....79c.

LADIES' KNITTED BLOOMERS

Zimmerknit made, knitted Cotton Bloomers, with elastic at waist and knee, in Black, White and Sand. Regular 50c. August Clean-up Sale Price.....39c., 3 pairs for $1.00

Napanee
Campbellford
Madoc

McINTOSH BROS.

NAPANEE BRANCH

Belleville
Cobourg
Kingston

The Echoes of Silence

By VICTOR REDCLIFFE

(Copyright, 1919, by Western Newspaper Union.)

He had written a beautiful song that touched the soul of every true poet and then had stayed his hand. She had sung it through one great triumphant season and then her voice was mute—he, Bertram Vernon, she, Viola Duvenant. An abyss had opened. A shock had come and they two were sundered.

Ten years back they had met and loved, he a young man of ample fortune, she a proven young queen of song, dazzled by the adulation that poured in upon her. She had gone abroad with her sister, promising him that with the following spring she would abandon all professional glories and live and sing for him alone.

Surely never had there been so deep so fervent a love as his—he knew it, she realized it. Day and night during her absence Bertram Vernon lived in a bewitching dream. He had planned out a home fit for a princess. He had anticipated a tour taking in the fairest spots of earth. He had so shaped his life that the coming years would be a devotion to art, to music, to the higher literary taste, above all, to love.

One day the closest friend of Vernon, a lawyer named Joyce Elwood, came to the office of the former. He closed the door after him. He seated himself opposite to Vernon.

"Bertram," he said, "I would be to you a false friend if I stayed my lips concerning a discovery that must cause you pain, distrust, heart wreck. It is of Viola that I must speak. Be brave, be strong—she has deceived you."

"That would not be possible," said Vernon, simply and with a smile of utter confidence.

"Then read," answered Elwood, and he produced a crumpled newspaper and a written sheet. "Viola was in Palermo when she last wrote you. This is a Palermo newspaper. I happen to have a client, an Italian, who receives the paper from abroad. He noticed the name of Miss Duvenant. He knows you, myself, and that we would be interested. I have had a translation made of the article—read."

And Bertram Vernon read—his death warrant, it seemed.

When Joyce Elwood called to see his friend next day he found him absent, and then a week, a month, many of them, but the missing man did not return.

One month later Bertram had found the spot he had been looking for. At a wild spot in the Rockies he had discovered a partially isolated segment of a chain of hills. Here at one time an erratic hermit had lived. Here now, a broken cabin, Vernon appropriated the old cabin, spanned a broad abyss with a kind of a drawbridge, never lowered except when he toiled to a distant town to secure the necessaries of life. Then began an anchorite existence. Grim silence held the barren spot, and there day or night as he moved about the narrow hilltop or tossed upon his rude bed of straw, the self-exiled being constantly dwelt, not amid silence, but amid the echoes of silence. They possessed him, they pursued him. Ever there was the semblance of a dying note of sweetness, the faint accent of the voice he had so loved. The newspaper had recounted the marriage abroad of Viola Duvenant to a famous opera singer. Accepting the announcement as natural, as logical, Vernon had abandoned all of hope or faith in womankind.

He could not silence those echoes of silence. They obsessed him, they gave him no rest. Exhaustion came. One night he dragged himself toward his wretched hovel, so weak and prostrated that he fell to the ground beside the drawbridge and lay there unable to move farther. It was a royally grand moonlit evening and he glanced wearily at the glowing stars, and felt that not for many hours longer would he greet their pitying gleamings.

Suddenly amid the hallucination of a growing fever there rang out a louder, more distinct "echo of silence." He smiled. This was the beginning of the end. The song he had written and which Viola had sung stole forth upon the ambient air—and in Viola's tones! Ah! sweet delusion as he neared the dark river! It closed. He was repeated. Beyond the chasm a white-robed form seemed to pause in a ghostlike walk and listen.

What impelled him? Strength seemed given him to seize the ropes of the drawbridge and loosen them. The rude framework spanning the abyss crashed into place.

"It is death!" he cried. "Oh, fair one! Oh, false one! I come! I come!"

A form flitted across the rude planks, his weary head was lifted to a throbbing, longing bosom.

"My wounded love! my poor, dear, lost one! found—found!" And a glory unutterable came into his face, and earth faded away.

A week later, Viola beside him in a mountain hotel, Bertram Vernon knew that it was his sweetheart's sister whom the foreign newspaper had wedded to the opera singer, and his peerless Viola had traced him to his hermit hut, calling to him with the song that still lived in her heart, intent upon reaming the wide world over, but she must find again the man she loved!

Jolly Little Chipmunk.

The place the chipmunk fills is small and inconsequent but his sylvan "chirrup" plays a minor strain in the wordless diapason which the mighty blue soul of nature is forever singing in her forests; solemn and consoling to heal earth's scars; jubilant and glad for the free of heart. Listening ever some clear sweet note of mystic melody for those who listen, to awaken a dreaming bliss or to thrill an untried fiber into quivering life.

Peruvian Flower Festival.

Peru celebrates a custom which dates from soon after the Spanish conquest. All soldiers' graves alike are decorated, including those of peons and Indians, individuals little regarded in Peru, at all events during life. In the evening the populace gives itself over to feasting and merrymaking. This particular flower festival is held annually on November 1.

MAKING MONEY.

Every Country Has Its Own Paying Profession.

According to an income-tax return published in Italy the best paying profession in that country is that of surgeon. The Italian surgeon's average income is, however, only $6,000 a year.

Have the Italian income-tax people forgotten their singers and their film stars? One Italian film actress, Signora Menichelli, is stated to earn nearly $500,000 a year.

Probably the best paying profession in America is that of picture-making. In this connection it is worth mentioning that an ex-Cabinet Minister in the United States, Mr. Will H. Hays, resigned his office two years ago to accept the post of director-general of the motion picture industry of America, at a salary of $175,000 a year.

It is also of interest that the son of a Whitstable oyster fisherman, who went to California some thirty-five years ago with only a few shillings, returned to England a millionaire—in pounds, not dollars—all his fortune being made from cinema films.

The biggest fortunes in the States have been made from oil and automobiles. These industries respectively have produced the two richest men in the world—John Rockefeller and Henry Ford.

Apart from commerce the best paying profession in the States is that of the law. There are said to be at least a score of great lawyers in the States who are making $250,000 a year or more. Second come architects, who hold a much higher position in America than in any other country. Two hundred thousand dollars a year is no out-of-the-way income for a first-class architect in a big American city.

In Britain the great surgeon does much better, from a financial point of view, than the architect. But actors, musicians and journalists all receive better pay in the United States than in any other country.

Spain, once the richest country in Europe, is now one of the poorest. But it has still one road to riches—the bull-ring. Two famous bull-fighters, Bombita and Machaquito, retired recently. The former had acquired a fortune of three and a half million pesetas—$650,000—and the latter rather more. Bombita had been in the bull-ring for twenty years, and in the course of that time had been wounded more than thirty times. So he probably earned all he got.

Machaquito's meteoric career ended with his romantic marriage to Miss Angela Clementson, the daughter of a wealthy American, to whom he had been betrothed for years.

In England it would seem that the two surest roads to wealth are by way of food or tobacco. Mr. Francis Blackwell of Grosvenor Square profits nearly five million dollars; and Mr. Lea, of Lea & Perrins, over five million. Sir Thomas Lipton affords another example of the money that can be made out of supplying food for the million.

The record in this respect is, however, held by Mr. Charles William Post, who, in the short space of twenty-one years, made the enormous sum of over twenty million dollars out of his breakfast foods. Another American, the late Henry Joseph Heinz, made over $5,000,000 out of pickles.

The Wills family, of Bristol, Eng., have made enormous fortunes out of tobacco; and beer, too, has produced, and still produces, millionaires.

Dominion Tires and Tubes

Williard Battery Service

Auto Accessories, Gas and Gargoyle Oil

Genuine Ford Parts

Ford Quick Change Transmission Bands Installed—Can be relined in half an hour.

Rubber Tires for Buggies—Hard and Cushion.

Graham's Garage

'Phone 218. DUNDAS ST., EAST P. O. Box 567.

"I've Never Advertised in Twenty Years"

"Yes, I'll admit times are a bit slow with me but I'm hoping for the turn of the tide."

Waiting for their ships to come in has spelled disaster for all too many Canadian merchants. Don't think along the lines of the man above. Advertise!

Advertising in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS will keep your name and store constantly before the people in this town. Advertising is a wonderful business-building force—and profitable to use. Talk it over with us.

Progressive Merchants Advertise

WILSON'S - HARDWARE

Of Interest To Fishermen

Hercules Linen Fishing Nets

Highest Quality Prices Right

Seine Twines and Leader Net

We can supply your requirements for present and future use.

Place your Fall orders now.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

Insurance!

Protects you from loss by fire at a small expense.

We have been in the insurance business for years and can give you good service.

Agents for all classes of Insurance,

Consult

HARSHAW & SON

Fire, Life, Accident and Auto Insurance

NAPANEE, ONT.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office : Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3, Adolphustown. 11-3-m

M. MAKER

Is still in Business

All goods are being offered at Factory Prices or less

We can save you from 20% to 30%

We are giving Free with each purchase amounting to $5.00, a Broom, value 50c.

Maxwell Car in good condition and running order, and Baby Carriage and Baby Walker for sale cheap.

CALL AT

MAKER'S

AND SAVE MONEY!

Taken Over Massey-Harris Extra Business.

I beg to announce that I have taken over the extra business of the Massey-Harris Co., and all orders left with me will receive careful and prompt attention.

R. M. ROBLIN.

Adolphustown.

P. O. Bath, R. R. 1. 32-bp

VanLuven

Buy Your Coal NOW

HEAT FOLKS

SOMEBODY'S ordering some pleasure-packed coal. Somebody's stealing a march on winter. Somebody's awake at the switch—and we hope it's you. Happy is the man who sees the Heat Folks tucked away in his bin before September wanes. If you value your comfort and peace-of-mind, now is the time to invite the Heat Folks into your cellar. If you want to measure the wisdom of a man, take a peek at his coal bin before October.

Call the *HEAT FOLKS* for good, clean coal

VanLuven

Phone 92 Napanee

F. C. MARTIN & SON

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND UNDERTAKERS

Parlors and Office : Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, day or night.

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375

F. C. MARTIN & SON.

Successors to Hambly & Ming. 24-6m

Vine's Electric Shop

See the National Electric Range when you are about to purchase an Electric Range. Once you see the National no other make will suffice. Sold at Vine's Electric Shop.

Coal or wood range, cheap. Watch for further announcements regarding Radios.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square, Napanee

'Phone 367.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

GRACE UNITED CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting
Public worship at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p.m.
Rev. R. Bamforth, preacher.
11.45—Sunday School and Adult Classes.
Thursday, 7.45 p.m.—Prayer and Praise service.

Paint !

Automobile enamel, Martin-Senour 100 per cent. Pure Paints and Varnishes.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Card of Thanks.

Mr .and Mrs. Albert Herrington wish to convey to their many kind friends and neighbors, whose able and timely assistance averted their meeting with a very severe loss at their recent fire, their deepest, heartfelt, thanks.

Plow Shares.

We have shares for nearly every make of plow, and are agents for Wilkinson, Perrin, Sylvester & Percival plows and farm machinery, and carry a full line of repairs for same, so when in need let us supply your wants.

M. B. MILLS CO.

35-b

Farmers, Attention Please !

Have those lightning rods installed and save your farm buildings from destruction. When interested in same consult Percy Vine, Napanee, at

VINE'S ELECTRICAL SHOP.

'Phone 367. Residence 1127.

The Market Grocery.

Fresh pure lines of groceries. The finest quality English peels, raisins, currants, navel oranges, Royal Household flour, Ogilvies rolled oats, corn meal and wheat granules. Ogilvies name means quality. The highest standard in teas and coffee always in stock. Try this store with your order.

THOMPSON BROS.

Dropped Dead on Ball Field.

Schuyler Kennedy, one of the most prominent residents of the village of Tamworth, dropped dead on Wednesday afternoon, while talking to a friend at the baseball field in Tamworth, following the game which was won by Tamworth by the score of 9-7. Mr. Kennedy had left his home as usual and had gone to the ball field. He had not been in the best of health for some time past. It is believed that the excitement of the game caused his death. The game was over, however, and Mr. Kennedy was standing at a car talking to a friend when he suddenly dropped do the ground and expired. Dr. Burrows, of Marlbank, was on the field, having gone there for the game, and he hurried to Mr. Kennedy, but it was too late. Heart failure caused his death. The late Mr. Kennedy was a man past middle age and he had resided in Tamworth and the surrounding district all his life. He was a prominent farmer and was held in very high regard by residents of the village and those around the neighboring sections. He had been retired for the past few years and had taken up residence in the village. His wife survives him. He was a member of the Masonic Order and belonged to the Napanee Lodge of Oddfellows. The funeral was held on Friday afternoon.

COMING TO NAPANEE FOR AFTERNOON AND EVENING

CHAUTAUQUA PROGRAM
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5th

WIDELY KNOWN ORATOR COMING

William Rainey Bennett to Deliver Great Address.

"Pathways to Power" Is Subject of Eloquent Inspirational Lecture.

William Rainey Bennett, who will deliver his noteworthy address, "Pathways to Power," at the coming Dominion Chautauqua, is one of the greatest dramatic orators of the day. The theme of his lecture, "Pathways to Power," is that "he can who thinks he can"; that in every brain there is a sleeping genius and that it can be

WILLIAM RAINEY BENNETT

awakened. This lecture has inspired thousands to higher achievements and has given poise and power to many.

Mr. Bennett is nationally known on the lecture platform. Young and old alike come under the spell of his enthusiasm.

J. G. Loucks, opposite Marble Works, is selling beef from 8c. to 20c. lb. Store open every Wednesday afternoon. 26-tf

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER

(Presbyterian)
DESERONTO, ONT.
Minister :
Rev. H. G. Richardson, B.A.

Hours of Sunday services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Seats free.
All are cordially invited.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Shortened Evensong.

Calendar Notice.

Monday August 10th, Civic Holiday, our store will be closed all day. We will be pleased to serve you on Saturday, August 8th.

BOYLE & SON.

Obituary.

Cyrus Franklin Roblin died at Vancouver, July 8th, from paralysis. He was born at Adolphustown, June 2nd, 1864, the youngest son of Cyrus and Mary C. Roblin. He left Adolphustown in 1891 and took up his residence in California. After residing there for some years he moved to Vancouver. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife (nee Mabel Mallory) and three children, Kenneth, Helen and Lyle, and two brothers, John N. Roblin, of Beckett's Harbour, N.Y., and A. D. Roblin, of Adolphustown.

Mrs. J. N. McCreary.

Died at her late residence, 435 Nairn Ave., Winnipeg, on Wednesday, July 22nd, 1925, Rebecca McCreary, wife of J. N. McCreary, formerly of Napanee, aged 70, besides her husband, one daughter, Gladys Lynter, of Winnipeg, to mourn the loss of a dear mother. One son, Rupert, predeceased his mother a few years ago. Four brothers and two sisters also survive, John Saul, of Winnipeg ; Joe Saul, of Seattle ; Willie and James Saul, of Toronto ; Mrs. J. W. Stewart, and Mrs. Susan Robinson, Camden East. Also two grandchildren in Des Moines and two in Winnipeg. The funeral took place from Thompson's Undertaking Parlor on Friday, July 24th, at 2 o'clock.

SCHOOL FAIR DATES, 1925.

Denbigh—September 9th.
Flinton—September 11th.
Odessa—September 14th.
Stella—September 15th.
Sillsville—September 16th.
Tamworth—September 17th.
Selby, September 18th.
Anderson—September 21st.
Centreville—September 22nd.
Camden East—September 23rd.

Result of Extravagance.

These are not the necessaries of life; they can scarcely be called the conveniences; and yet, only because they look pretty, how many want to have them! By these, and other extravagances, the gentest are reduced to poverty, and forced to borrow of those whom they formerly despised, but who, through industry and frugality, have maintained their standing, in which case it appears plainly that "A plowman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees," as Poor Richard says.—Benjamin Franklin.

Describing a Giant.

The mathematical man can see the fun and mistakes in calculating the size of things. No one has ever given me an impression of bulk such as that of the late Professor Clifford—a famous mathematician and an occasional humorist. In a lightsome essay he described the giant whose favorite food was bread and butter sprinkled with light brown horses.—London Chronicle.

When Printing Was Young.

The Oxford University Press is a printing concern which has been at work since 1478, and the average yearly output now is said to be 7,000,000 volumes. The first two presses at Oxford produced 23 books between 1478 and 1520, and now, after more than 400 years in business, the selling end had to move again to secure more room.

At the start, and up to Tudor times, the work was interrupted, and though carried out almost wholly for the benefit of the university, that body assumed no financial responsibility until the State began to regard with less suspicion this new and rather dangerous art. There was not even then a lavish endowment, the university only lending £100 to Joseph Barnes to carry on the press when, in 1587, an ordinance of the Star Chamber allowed one press at Oxford and one apprentice. In addition to the master printer." By 1636, after Archbishop Laud took it under his care, there were two printing presses, two printers and two apprentices. The Civil War gave further impetus to the growing business. There came a dispute over the right to print Bibles, and Dr. Fell, Dean of Christ Church, had the right restored. This is the dean who was "celebrated" because of the lines:

I do not like thee, Dr. Fell;
The reason why I cannot tell,
But this I know, and know full well,
I do not like thee, Dr. Fell.

WIFE AND HUSBAND BOTH ILL WITH GAS

"For years I had gas on the stomach. The first does of Adlerika helped. I now sleep well and all gas is gone. It also helped my husband." (Signed) Mrs. B. Brinkley. ONE spoonful Adlerika removes GAS and often brings astonishing relief to the stomach. Stops that full, bloated feeling. Brings out old waste matter you never thought was in your system. This excellent intestinal evacuant is wonderful for constipation. Wallace's Drug Store.

ST. ANDREW'S AND TRINITY UNITED CHURCHES

Union services in Trinity Church on Sunday next at 10.30 and 7.

Officiating minister, Rev. W. R. Tanton.

FULLING THE WORLD'S LEG.

Clever Schemers Who Have Hoaxed Continents.

From time to time the whole world is stirred by some amazing item of news. It becomes the chief topic of conversation. Then, with startling suddenness, comes a bombshell. The story is a "fake." A clever schemer has hoaxed the world.

Something of the sort happened not long ago. One day it was announced that the "lost books" of Livy had been found. Livy was a famous Roman historian, and a certain part of his work has been missing for a thousand years. The news that this missing part had been found caused great excitement among learned men all over the world. Then the finder caused an additional sensation by disappearing. The frontiers were watched and the closest search was made for him. He reappeared, only to confess that his story was untrue. The world's "leg" had been "pulled."

A few days later it was reported in London that King Boris of Bulgaria had been assassinated. Nothing definite could be learnt. All day long the telephone of the Bulgarian Legation in London rang. The greatest anxiety was felt. Then it was learnt that the king was alive and well. A Bulgarian newspaper had been hoaxed, and the story had been copied by newspapers all over the world.

Curiously enough, scientists and other intellectuals seem to be among the easiest to hoax. There is the instance of the "Keely motor." An inventor declared that he had discovered a new force, more powerful than any power then known. By means of this invention, he stated, a quart of water could be made to exert a force of one thousand horsepower. There was intense excitement over this announcement. Twenty thousand pounds was raised by a public fund; the inventor was hailed as the greatest scientist of the age.

The inventor produced a machine —a baffling tangle of pipes and tubes —and invited scientists to witness a test. Unfortunately for him he bungled the affair and was seen to slip in a reservoir of compressed air—the only power his "invention" possessed.

Another hoax deceived scientists and some of the greatest naval experts. A certain "professor" stated that he had discovered a ray which could blow up ships that were lying five or more miles away. He gave a wonderful demonstration in the presence of well-known people.

He had, of course, discovered no ray at all. The ships were exploded by a charge of dynamite placed on board, and ignited by a concealed cable arranged by two accomplices. On the occasion of a second test something went wrong, and instead of the ship being blown up, the fate befell the boat containing the "professor's" assistants.

One of the most amazing hoaxes on record is that of the American explorer, Peary, who reported that he had found a channel at the north of Greenland. This was supposed to prove that Greenland was an island, and the channel was marked on American navy maps. It was not until six years later that another explorer reported that where the channel was said to be was a range of hills, free from ice and where game abounded.

Peary also claimed to have discovered a tract of land called Crocker Land. Subsequently, other explorers established the fact that no such land existed. Peary's "discoveries" have been deleted from the naval maps, and much doubt has, consequently, been cast upon his statement that he discovered the North Pole.

Some years ago a letter was received by an important newspaper declaring that the greatest sufferings were being experienced by the inhabitants of certain parts of Italy owing to the failure of the macaroni crop. An article was actually published on the subject and a relief fund suggested. Macaroni is not a plant, but an article manufactured from flour!

Rudeness Unpardonable.

A man has no more right to say an uncivil thing than to act one; no more right to say a rude thing to another than to knock him down.—Johnson.

Must Be Discreet.

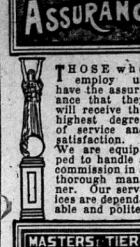
Of course every man ought to be liberal with his wife, but there is no sense in giving her enough money to hire a divorce lawyer.

Optimistic Thought.

Titles may be purchased, but virtue is the only coin that makes the bargain valid.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

ASSURANCE



THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS, TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MODERN EQUIPMENT
WALLPAPERS WINDOW SHADES
PICTURE FRAMES

Parsons In Uniform.

In the British army there are two classes of chaplains, permanent and temporary. In the permanent class are just over a hundred chaplains, all of whom hold commissions as non-combatant officers. The senior, with the rank of major-general, is known as the Chaplain-General. He has charge of the Anglican chaplains only, who form a majority of the corps.

Other chaplains have the rank of colonel, lieutenant-colonel, major, or captain. Roman Catholic and Nonconformist chaplains are detailed for duty to those regiments in which the majority of the enlisted men profess the corresponding faith. Church of Scotland "padres" are attached to Scottish regiments.

The Chaplains' Corps is administered by the War Office. Their duties include holding divine service, officiating at funerals, visiting the sick and wounded, and performing the duties and functions of a parish clergyman at military stations. Temporary or special chaplains may be appointed, whenever needed, under a special Act of Parliament.

The Territorial Forces have a special chaplains' department of their own, and there is also a special service for India.

Birds Lack "Homing" Sense.

Although birds build nests, these are only used for breeding. Thousands of birds are killed by the cold each winter because they have no real "homing" sense.

He Did Something.

"Now I guess folks will know that old Capt. Simon has done something," he said, and he lay down and died.—Grand Rapids Herald.

Georgia Led in Local Option.

The first local option legislation for the suppression of the liquor traffic was enacted in Georgia in 1833.

Test for Diamonds.

It may be taken for granted that anything which will scratch a sapphire or a ruby is a diamond.

Daily Thought.

Better not be at all than not be noble.—Tennyson.

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

No detail is spared in depicting wild night life at the Dead Duck Cafe in the Thomas H. Ince Corporation's smashing First National offering, "PLAYING WITH SOULS."

Also a good Comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

"CURLYTOP," the current feature in which Shirley Mason, the petite William Fox star appears as the golden haired mystery waif.

And a good Fox comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

ONE SHOW ONLY AT 8 O'CLOCK

D. W. Griffiths presents "LOVE AND SACRIFICE," a 12 reel special. Children 15c., adults 25c., tax included.

And a special selected comedy.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Sea Lions Not Harmful.

Some time ago the conclusion was reached in Canada that the sea lions were inimical to the salmon fisheries and a bounty was placed upon the sea lion. Since then it has been discovered that the sea lion's destructiveness was so slight that its general slaughter was not warranted and that they offer possibilities of commercial exploitation in the matter of guano, leather and oil and really are worthy of protection. They are very timid and easily frightened away from the fishermen's nets.

Too Much to Bear.

"Amelia," said old Mr. Binderton as he finished his dinner, "I'm going to ask you to do me a favor. I want you to give your young man, Mr.——, I forget his name—a message from me."

Amelia blushed and looked down at her plate. "Tell him," her bluff old parent went on, "that I don't object to his staying here and running up my gas bill, but that I do object to his carrying the morning paper away with him when he leaves!"

Scotland Yard.

Scotland Yard, so often mentioned in connection with London police items, was a building at the southeastern corner of Charing Cross, long famous as the headquarters of the metropolitan police force. It was so called because it was once a palace set apart from the time of Henry II (1154) as the residence of Scottish kings on visits. New Scotland Yard is on the Thames embankment.

Doing Fine.

Dick, whose father drives an automobile, is much interested in the operating of the car, especially the position of the gear shift lever. One day when some one asked him how his little sister, who was sick with the flu, was getting along, he replied: "O she is getting along fine; her fever was down to neutral this morning."

Shur-on

DR. LESLIE LEWIS

Eyesight Specialist

New Address - Dundas St.

Quality since 1864

A JOINT MEETING

of the Liberals

of Lennox & Addington and Prince Edward Counties

will be held in

Picton, Wednesday, Aug. 12

at 2 p. m.

For the purpose of electing officers, organization and general business.

W. R. LOTT, President. B. F. DAVY, Secretary.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

The Personal Element In Banking Affairs

BETWEEN the curtness and coldness of printed bank forms and the human element for whose use they are designed, are vast opportunities for the banker to give valuable personal assistance. The Standard Bank, through the members of its staff, is anxious to use any opportunity that arises to demonstrate its value in offering personal advice on financial matters. The local manager of the Standard Bank will be glad to give intimate counsel upon money matters pertaining to your business.

BANKING FIFTY YEARS

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH—H. R. McHoull, *Manager*

Branches also at Belleville, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Marlbank, Tamworth

50,000 HARVESTERS WANTED

$15.00 TO WINNIPEG

Plus half a cent a mile beyond to all points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta,—Edmonton, Tannis, Calgary, MacLeod and East.

Returning—Half a cent per mile to Winnipeg, plus $20.00 to destination.

GOING DATES AUGUST 18th and 21st

August 18th—Toronto, Caledon East, Beeton, Meaford, Collingwood, Penetang, Midland, Parry Sound, Sudbury, Capreol and east thereof in Ontario.

August 21st—Toronto, Inglewood Jct. and all stations south and west thereof in Ontario.

SPECIAL TRAINS LEAVE TORONTO

Aug. 18th, 12.01 a.m., (Midnight August 17th)
Aug. 18th, 10.00 a.m.
Aug. 18th, 10.30 p.m.
Aug. 18th, 12.30 p.m.

STANDARD TIME

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Through trains—Comfortable Colonist Cars—Special cars for Women and Children

Purchase your ticket to Winnipeg via Canadian National Railways, whether or not your final destination in the West is a point on the Canadian National.

Tickets and all information from nearest Agent.

Napanee Fair, Aug. 25, 26, 27 and 28.

4 Days and 4 Nights - SEND FOR PRIZE LIST.

BAKE YOUR OWN BREAD WITH

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

The standard of Quality for over 50 years

Love is Everything.

Be sure of it. Be sure that to have found the key to one heart is to have found the key to all; that truly to love is truly to know; and truly to love one is the first step towards truly loving all who bear the same flesh and blood with the beloved. . . All knowledge is love, and all love knowledge; even with the meanest, we cannot gain a glimpse into their inward trials and struggles without an increase of sympathy and affection.—Exchange.

Too Big a Word for David.

David is a little boy five years old, and a patient of Sunnyside. He always watches the nurse very closely when she takes his temperature, pulse, and respiration. One day he was lying in bed with his chest bare, watching himself breathe. "What are you doing, David?" asked the nurse as she came upon him suddenly. "Why, I am watching myself get well," was his reply.—Indianapolis News.

Beauty.

Talk as we may of beauty as a thing to be chiseled from marble or wrought out on canvas, speculate as we may upon its colors and outlines; what is it but an intellectual abstraction, after all? The heart feels a beauty of another kind; looking through the outward environment, it discovers a deeper and more real loveliness.—Whittier.

Human Nature.

Modern thinking, proposing to found morality solely upon the principles of human nature, will have to take account of all there is in human nature. And one of the first things we meet there is the necessity, in order that man may come to his true self, that he is possessed by something, some one beyond himself.—Jonathan Brierley.

Virginia Dare.

Virginia Dare, the first child of English parentage born in America, first saw the light of day on Aug. 18, 1587. Her native place was on the island of Roanoke, Virginia, now North Carolina. Her father was William Dare and her mother Eleanor, the daughter of John White, governor of the second agricultural colony sent by Sir Walter Raleigh to the Carolinas.

Wanted the Odd One.

Julia was watching her mother pack her father's lunch and kept teasing for a piece of bread and butter. Mother was in a great hurry and told her to run and play; she didn't have time to wait on her. So Julia counted the slices of bread on the table—there were five—and said: "Mother, give me this one without any partner."

Star Cars with added Refinement

New Prices—they are still the best buy. They Stand Up—best of material and workmanship.

Plenty of power, leg room, seat room for 5 Full Balloon and high pressure tires.

Attractive Terms, and present car as part payment if you wish. "They may build them bigger, but not better."

JAMES ED. CLARK

STAR & DURANT Dealer

At CARD'S GARAGE. 18tf NAPANEE.

PEOPLE WHO DISAPPEAR.

Periodically Individuals Disappear From Accustomed Haunts.

Periodically individuals disappear from their accustomed haunts, and are thereupon sought for by every member of the community which they have left behind, says a writer in a London paper.

But with every added year of our intensive and complex civilization, the prospects of such disappearances proving anything more than short-lived become more and more remote. Gone for ever are the days when an extremely learned judge used to say that the surest disguise was to blacken one's face and play a banjo at the crack of a public-house door. Itinerant Negro minstrels are rarer now than in the seventies, and an amateur who sought such a disguise would attract even more attention.

It is seventy-eight years ago since the first wanted man was intercepted by means of the electric telegraph wire; sixty years since the same result was achieved by the Atlantic cable, and thirteen years since wireless telegraphy performed a like service.

But the widespread dissemination of descriptions and of photographs in the Press and other obstacles, less dramatic, perhaps, but not less effective, to disappearances such as we read of in vanished states of society not so far from our own.

There is the classic instance in Thackeray of the respectable suburban householder who disappeared daily, eliminated himself so completely as to be able — undetected for years — to conduct a very thriving business as a beggar in the neighborhood of the Royal Exchange, in London.

In real life the stories are many, but can any surpass in grimness the case of the eighteenth century astronomer walking quietly along the Strand, absorbed in some mathematical calculation, his daughter hanging on his arm? Upon some trivial pretext she slipped her hand from his arm and disappeared out of his life for ever. Thirty years later, after a life of misery, she died of consumption in a garret near Charing Cross, London.

The classic case is that of T. C. Druce, who married Miss Elisabeth Crickmer, in 1816, and after living with her for a few years disappeared until 1835, when he opened a bazaar in Baker street, west, London. From this disappearance sprang the confusion of his identity with that of the fifth Duke of Portland, not cleared up until this century.

One of the oldest cases, that of Benjamin Bathurst, sent to Vienna on a secret mission to the Emperor Francis in 1809, he arrived about noon on his way from Berlin to Hamburg. At nine at night he came out of his inn to resume his journey, watched the post horses being harnessed to his vehicle, saw his portmanteau put on, exchanged a nod to the heads of the horses, and was never seen again.

Over fifty years ago a theatrical man walked out of the door of his theatre and nothing was ever heard of him since.

More recently, Small, another theatrical manager, disappeared at Toronto.

A Problem.

To "Bud" Chappel: You cannot expect much privacy in a household where there are two bathrooms and only one cake of soap.—Arkansaw Thomas Cat.

Value Enhanced by Time.

"Paradise Lost" netted John Milton $25. The other day at Sotheby's famous auction rooms in London, a first edition of the immortal poem, 1667, sold for $1,250.

French Eat Chrysanthemums.

The chrysanthemum is served as a salad in French households.

Daily Thought.

Obedience is the key to every door. —George MacDonald.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" - Insist!

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 25 years.

Safe — Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Dead Air and Disease.

Dr. Leonard Hill, whose experiments a few years ago proved to the world that it is not impure air but still, humid, dead air that induces disease, delivered recently a lecture on infant mortality before the Royal Society of Arts. In this he said that babies died from being too much clothed as well as from being improperly fed. They should not be kept too warm or too quiet, but should be allowed at times to be quite naked and should be played with just to give them exercise.

Dare to Act—When Right.

Most men are afraid of making mistakes. I like men who make mistakes, who have the dash, the energy, the warm blood in their veins, to make mistakes. Everything in life is more or less a gamble. Timidity never accomplished anything in this world. Faith is the main-spring of enterprise. Mistakes make the game interesting. They lift it above the dead level, stimulate imagination, and keep hope young.—Frank Munsey.

Sapphires and Diamonds.

The sapphire is probably not as valuable as the diamond, roughly speaking, although comparison is difficult, owing to taste in color, and to the differing values as size increases. For instance, the price of a diamond rises in proportion to the square of its weight, a two-carat stone bringing four times as much as one of one carat. (Let me add that 20½ carats equal one ounce Troy weight.)

Hanging Too Good for This Man.

The meanest man has been found. He was in Philadelphia the other day. He robbed an old woman, at the entrance of the receiver of taxes office in the city hall, of her pocket book, which contained her tax bill and $73 with which to pay it; and two hours later mailed her the bill, after writing on it, "Ha! Ha! Pay your taxes."

His Fellow-Feeling.

Henry had been severely scolded for not turning off the water after he had been playing in the bath tub. Some time later there was a cloudburst near his home, and as he was watching the flooded streets his mother heard him say to himself, "I bet some angel is catching it for forgetting to turn off the water."

Wash-Day on the Deep.

On her first trip to Nantasket, little Bess remarked as she looked over the side of the steamer: "Mamma, they put too much bluing in this water." Which reminds us of another tot who exclaimed on seeing the wake of a steamer: "Oh, look, mother, that boat is losing all its soap."—Boston Transcript.

Better Late Than Never.

The strangest wedding I ever saw was that of an aged aunt, who in her youth had had a suitor who went off to make his fortune and never returned until, old and infirm, but wealthy, he returned to claim his old sweetheart, who was so feeble she had to remain in a wheel chair during the ceremony. —Chicago Tribune.

Put Character Above All.

One of the sayings of the late J. P. Morgan that will be remembered after his art collection's glories have been forgotten, was: "I will loan any amount of money to a man of character, but nothing to a man of bad repute, no matter what his security."

Poor Advice.

"Don't marry the first girl you fall in love with; wait until you've seen the rest," advises the Montgomery Advertiser. Yes, and after the rest you've seen the rest someone will have carried off the one you were in love with.

Cement ! !

We are pleased to inform our friends and customers that we have just received a carload of cement and intend to carry it in future as a special line of our business. Your patronage will be appreciated.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The Anchored Treasure

By RALPH HAMILTON

"Out of the way there!"

"Hey, you can't catch that train!"

The well-dressed, business-faced man at the open window of the moving passenger coach laughed till his fat sides quivered, as he traced the cause of these wild outcries, uttered on the platform of the depot from which the train was just moving out.

At the last moment a young man, conspicuously arrayed in his best suit, had dashed down the platform in pursuit of the train. He had nearly gained the last car when a truck loaded with trunks crossed his course.

Bang! He barely saved himself by swerving to one side, but the satchel he carried in one hand met the truck plump. There was a crash, the bag split open, and out upon the platform there poured shirts, collars, handkerchiefs. There was a sweep of the wind that sent them whirling up into the air. Disdaining all other personal belongings, the belated pedestrian made a dive for a small package done up in tissue paper and swung to the rear platform of the last coach.

The man whose risibilities had been so excited had not yet ceased chuckling and grinning, when the hero of the grotesque episode came down the aisle puffing like a grampus and plumped down into the seat by his side.

"Whew!" he gasped, "but that was a close shave! I made it, though, didn't I?"

"It looks so," replied the other quizzically, "but what about the belongings you left behind?"

"Oh, them!" sniffed the belated one, indifferently, "I got this all safe and that's all I care about," and he ingered the tissue-covered package solicitously. "You see, I'm Dave Lincott, live nigh to the town, got an idea, developed it, and on my way to the city to find out if it amounts to anything. I'm an inventor, I am."

"So?" nodded the other indulgently. "Entertaining business, I should think."

"Well, pretty good," replied Dave, rubbing his chin recently. "You going to the city, mister?"

"Yes," assented the other.

"I've got something precious here," and again Dave patted the parcel affectionately. "I see you've got a satchel there. Would you mind putting my little package carefully into it for safe keeping? I want to go ahead and have a smoke to settle my nerves."

"Why, certainly," courteously consented Daniel Stern, special salesman for the big jewelry house of Goldman & Co. in the city. There's lots of room in the satchel."

A queer fish, soliloquized Stern, smilingly, and opening the satchel that lay at his feet, under his feet, in fact, for so he had carefully kept it ever since coming aboard. Still more remarkable, a chain ran from the handles of the valise to one ankle.

At this a person not aware of his peculiar line of business would have marvelled. Stern's specialty was to carry samples of the opulent jewelry and rich gems needed for wedding occasions.

Twice during such missions he had been neatly robbed, but now the precaution of never taking his eyes or feet from the precious satchel safeguarded against any surprise.

Stern settled himself comfortably in the seat, still amused over the incident of the belated passenger. He hoped he would return soon, so he could put in the time bringing out the unique characteristics of this outspoken child of nature. Before he was aware of it he dozed. The next thing he knew he was wide awake with a shock.

The satchel under his feet was wriggling and quaking, and from the seat behind him there rang out the most frightful yells of pain. The occupant of that seat was half way to the floor, one arm apparently imprisoned beyond the foot rest. The fellow was writhing, yelling, with a face white as a piece of chalk and lips wrenched with a vivid expression of torture.

The other passengers crowded to the spot and Dave re-entered the coach. His shrewd eyes scanned the situation critically. "Why," he cried out, "the man's got his hand caught in my patent trap!"

"Your trap?" echoed Stern, vaguely, and then he too made a discovery. The occupant of the rear seat was a professional thief who had been on the trail of Stern for hours. He had reached under the seat with a keen-edged instrument and had cut out one whole side of the anchored satchel. He had reached into it to secure its treasure, when—click!

Click!—in fact the rat trap that Dave had invented. It was made to kill a rat at one swoop of its pronged jaws. It had lacerated the hand of the thief terribly and would not let go.

So the treasure was saved, the criminal handed over to the police and Stern insisted on Dave accompanying him to the store of his firm, where he told his story. So manifestly had the trap prevented a heavy loss, that the house presented Dave with a reward of a thousand dollars.

And Stern, learning that Dave had a charming fiancée back in his "district," made him select an engagement ring that was a bewildering thing of dazzle and beauty.

Use Baby's Own Soap. It's "Best for Baby — Best for You".

FALL FAIR DATES

Bancroft—Sept. 23 and 24.
Brighton—Sept. 18-19.
Brockville—Aug. 17-21.
Campbellford—Ost. 1-2.
Centreville—Sept. 11-12.
Cobden—Sept. 23-24.
Coe Hill—Sept. 21-22.
Inverary—Sept. 30.
Kingston—Sept. 15-19.
Lansdowne—Sept. 22-23.
Madoc—Oct. 6-7.
Marmora—Sept. 25-26.
Maynooth—Sept. 30th.
McDonald's Corners—Sept. 25.
Mohawk Reserve, Deseronto—Sept. 16.
Napanee—Aug. 25-28.
Odessa—Sept. 24-25.
Parham—Sept. 9-10.
Perth—Sept. 2-4.
Peterboro—Sept. 15-19.
Picton—Sept. 22-25.
Roblin's Mills—Oct. 2-3.
Shannonville—Sept. 19.
Stella—Sept. 29.

A Slip of the Tongue.

I'm quite sure the most embarrassing moment of my life was when I met my friend Jim ——, whose very rich father had just died, intending to extend to him an expression of my sympathy, by some lapsus linguae I said to him: "Jim, I've just heard of your father's death, and I want to extend to you my sincere congratulations."—Exchange.

Labor Saving.

A boy was in the act of taking a short road through a plowed field, when the farmer, observing him, shouted: "Hi, there's no road there!" The boy turned around, and, feeling that at twenty yards lay between him and his irate accuser he was safe, coolly replied: "So I see; but you need not trouble to make one. I shall not come back this way!"

Movement of Sun and Moon.

Both sun and moon move about the earth from east to west. In reality the sun is fixed. The moon revolves from east to west around the earth as its satellite, and both earth and moon move in common around the sun which is fixed, though the motion of the earth about it makes the sun appear to move about the earth from east to west.

Double Tongued.

Dorothy wished to tell her aunt about another little girl who lived a few doors away. It happened that the other little girl stuttered. As Dorothy didn't know her name and didn't know the word "stutter," she said: "Oh, auntie, you know the little girl that talks double."

Law and Order.

It does not matter what my enemies may accuse me of; in all my life I have been on the side of law and order, and I have never inquired whether those twin institutions were white or yellow. Decency is like gold, the same in all countries.—Li Hung Chang.

Have No Chance to Forget.

Three separate invitations are usually sent to guests in China. The first is dispatched several days before the banquet, the second on the day itself, as a reminder, and the third about an hour before the sitting down to the table.

Experience.

"Simple Simon went a-fishing in his mother's pail." "Not so simple, at that," declared an amateur sportsman. "I've spent time and money getting to a place where the likelihood of catching fish was no greater!"

Not Enough.

"Swept by saline breezes and washed by the waves of the sea. That's our motto." "Any other street-cleaning facilities?" inquired the old grouch.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Another of the Mysteries.

One of the mysteries of life is how a boorish man can keep right on observing the ways of gentlemen and never acquire any of them for himself.—Detroit Free Press.

Better Than Riches.

A man who gives his children habits of industry provides for them better than by giving them a fortune.—Whately.

Astronomical Phenomenon.

Marjorie, three, was watching the sunset: "Daddy," she called, "come and see the sun getting ready to be a moon."

Optimistic Thought.

Trade increases the wealth and glory of a nation.

MAROONS OF JAMAICA

SPENT FOUR YEARS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

In 1800, the Government Sent Them to Sierra-Leone. Where They Became a Terror In the Part of Africa in Which They Located.

When Jamaica was discovered by Columbus in May, 1494, it was inhabited by natives described as the most gentle of all the aborigines of the Western World. When the English under Cromwell obtained the island in 1655, they found the native race practically extinct. The Spaniards left behind a large number of negro slaves, who refusing to quit the island, fled to the hills and mountains, where they subsisted principally on wild hogs which then roamed the woods in large numbers.

As years passed the Maroons increased in number, but their relations with the whites did not improve. However, a kind of peace was maintained until 1795; when an unfortunate episode kindled the flame of rebellion among the Maroons.

Two Maroons from the town of Trelawney were convicted of stealing a hog from a white settler, and sentenced to be whipped publicly by the keeper of the workhouse. The Maroons took great umbrage at the severity of this sentence. They said that if the whites had put their companions to death they would not have complained; but to disgrace and degrade them was an insult to the whole tribe, and could be atoned for only by a retaliating vengence.

Lord Balcarres, the Governor of the island, seeing that the Maroons were going to such length, resolved to call them to quiet submission. By means of a proclamation they were ordered to surrender their arms. Only a few obeyed. The militia were called out, and supported by a body of regulars, were sent to take possession of the towns of the Maroons.

The conflict that followed was guerilla warfare, and the troops of the Government suffered several reverses and lost heavily. In the end the Maroons were beaten and capitulated. The House of Assembly of Jamaica decided to transport them, and Nova Scotia was selected as the place to which they were to be sent. In all were transported but only those living in and near Trelawney town.

In June, 1796, three ships, having on board 600 Maroons, sailed from Bluefield, Jamaica, and six weeks later arrived in Halifax harbor.

Fortifications were then being erected at Point Pleasant, Halifax, and work there was offered the Maroons, whereupon they unanimously declared that they would work for the King if he would pay them. The Duke of Kent was pleased at their readiness, but would not accept their services without compensation being given, and the Maroons agreed to work for the usual pay of laborers. It was summer, and temporary houses were made and others leased as near the citadel as possible, and the Governor allotted the barns of his farm for the same purpose.

The Maroons, who but a few months before were fighting British troops in Jamaica, now labored with a will on the British fortifications at Halifax. Those of the Citadel were raised with rapidity, and the Maroon Bastion, erected by their united efforts, remains as a monument of their active industry.

The British Government having decided to settle the Maroons permanently in Nova Scotia, land for a colony was purchased in the Township of Preston. There the Maroons were settled during the autumn following their arrival at Halifax. Mr. Chamberlain, a clergyman, who also acted as schoolmaster, was appointed to minister to them, but neither in religion nor in education was much progress made.

The first winter of the Maroons in Nova Scotia was attended with considerable hardship. The winter was unusually severe. The firewood collected was soon burned; their store of potatoes was frozen in the cellars, and the supplies from Halifax fell off. The Maroons were often in danger of suffering from hunger.

The severe winter was followed by a late spring, and May was well advanced before any work could be provided for them. But now they did not desire to work, hoping that their hardships back might lead to their removal to a warmer climate.

Eight years before this time the Negro Loyalists, who had come in considerable numbers to Nova Scotia during the war of the American Revolution, had been induced to quit the Province and join the settlement of Sierra-Leone, Africa. There they had become turbulent, and had proceeded to the length of attempting the life of the Governor. It was thought that the Maroons would prove a counterpoise to this unruly element, and upon being paid the expenses of their removal, Sierra-Leone consented to receive the Maroons. They embarked at Halifax and arrived at Sierra-Leone in October, 1800.

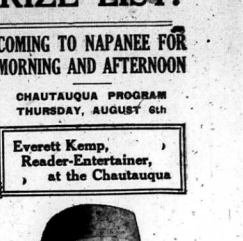
Mr. James S. Macdonald, of Halifax, in his article on Nova Scotia in "British America," writing of these Maroons, concludes their history by stating that they became a terror in the part of Africa in which they were located. In 1841 a small remnant of them in their old age returned to Jamaica; the majority had fallen in battle."

It is stated that after reaching Sierra-Leone, the Maroons scattered and that most of them became slave-catchers for the Arab slave-traders. In the course of twenty-five years they had helped to depopulate a broad swath across Africa to the eastern coast.

COMING TO NAPANEE FOR MORNING AND AFTERNOON

CHAUTAUQUA PROGRAM THURSDAY, AUGUST 6th

Everett Kemp, Reader-Entertainer, at the Chautauqua



EVERETT KEMP

Everett Kemp, noted reader-entertainer, will be one of the enjoyable attractions at the coming Dominion Chautauqua. He is known for his outstanding ability both as an interpreter of an entire play or book and as a reader of shorter numbers. His reputation extends from coast to coast.

In Mr. Kemp's repertoire are included such favorites as "Sevenoaks," by J. G. Holland; "The Music Master," by Klein and "That Printer of Udell's," by Harold Bell Wright. A program of miscellaneous readings is also among Mr. Kemp's offerings.

Whether in the presentation of an entire play, a reading of a well-known book, or a miscellaneous program, Everett Kemp is always enthusiastically acclaimed.

Mr. Kemp appeared on this great Chautauqua circuit two years ago, and was so popular that, in response to numerous requests, he is making a second tour of the circuit. His program this year will be entirely different to that which he presented before.

Chewing Gum.

The principal ingredient of chewing gum is chicle, an elastic gum produced by the bully-tree, masberry or sapodillo, native of South and Central America.

Evil.

If evil is inevitable, how are the wicked accountable? Nay, why do we call men wicked at all? Evil is inevitable, but it is also remediable.—Horace Mann.

Heard in Cambridge.

Foreman (calling up from curb)—Hi, Mulligan, will yez step to the sparkin' tube? Oi want to tell yez t' come down.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Generosity.

There is a greatness in being generous, and there is only simple justice in satisfying creditors. Generosity is a part of the soul raised above the vulgar.—Goldsmith.

Daily Thought.

Content thyself to be obscurely good. —Addison.

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES

TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO

24-tf

Get No. 1 Government Standard Seed Corn Here

And be assured of a good crop.

Longfellow, and White Flint, Improved Leeming, Wisconsin No. 7, Pride of Nishua, Golden Glow, White Cap, Yellow Dent, and all best varieties.

Also Buckwheat, Vetches, and Rape.

Also Frost Fences and Gates.

A newly decorated convenient house on Robert street to rent.

Fred A. Perry,

NAPANEE

Opposite Campbell House

Feed Grinding

On Saturday, Oct. 11th

we opened the well-known

WATER POWER MILLS AT MILLHAVEN

for Custom Grinding.

M. R. MIDMER.

"Loved and Lost"

By

BERTHA M. CLAY

Author of "A Sinful Secret," "A Golden Heart,"

"Lover and Husband," "A Gypsy's Daughter," Etc.

"And I can, and will," she said, after the manner of a fractious child crying for the moon. "You want to hide me up, because you are jealous of my beauty, and know that I never move without a train of admirers; but I've often played you tricks again. Wherever you put me, I will run away."

"Oh, Mary!" was his reproachful exclamation.

"Don't call me Mary; I hate the name," she said, her pale eyes, dilating fiercely. "But you always do everything I don't want you to do."

"I am sure I shall not displease you," he answered, with gentle gravity. "I wish you would try to understand that, my dear."

He laid his hand on hers impressively; but she shook it off as if it had been a viper. Then suddenly her mood changed, and she began to whimper.

Nobody cared for her. What did it signify whether she was living or dead? She would make an end of it all one of those days, that she would! She hated a cottage in the country—she hated everything! She would stamp down the flowers as soon as they put their heads above ground. It was no use talking to her! And so on, until Lady Gwendolyn could scarcely wonder that Sir Lawrence had tried to escape from such an impractical, violent person, and began to pity him a little in her heart.

He waited until the torrent of words had subsided, and then he said, with as much firmness as a gentleman could:

"You know it is very wrong to excite yourself in this way, Mary. I never deny you anything it is right you should have, and you must try and be a little more reasonable."

"Pray, are you reasonable?" she said, with a harsh, mocking laugh. "You cried for the moon when you were a child."

"Possibly; but, you see, I don't cry for it now. As people get older they understand that what they want is not always attainable or good for them."

"What a bore you are!" she said rudely, and turned her back upon him forthwith.

Certainly, with all his faults, Sir Lawrence had his temper splendidly under control; for he did not even look annoyed. Perhaps he felt that he had no right to resent anything she might say, since she could never insult him half as much as he was injuring her. However this may be, he was very patient, and tried industriously to soothe and satisfy her. But Gwendolyn had heard enough by this time.

She rose from her knees, cold and benumbed, and stole out of the house where she had thought to reign queen, a wraith, like a ghost. And she got to Borton Station she could never remember, but she did get there, and, eventually, to the hotel, where found Phoebe waiting for her, and evidently anxious.

"Get me to bed as quickly as you can," said her mistress hoarsely; and not another word did she utter.

Phoebe, who did not like her looks, sat beside her for an hour; and then, as she seemed to be asleep, stole away she went to bed. In the morning Lady Gwendolyn was very pale, but perfectly composed. Motioning Phoebe to her bedside, she said, with a little tremor in her voice:

"Phoebe, circumstance over which I have no control forces me to leave Sir Lawrence for good. You have behaved exceedingly well ever since you have been in my service, and I should like to keep you with me; but the same time, I should not like to injure your prospects in any way. I shall live very quietly, and shall even call myself by my real name. People will look suspiciously on me, perhaps; and you will hear their remarks, and feel annoyed and humiliated at being supposed to live with a lady whose character will not bear investigation. This is an occasion for sorrow and pain. Are you sufficiently attached to me to brave it all?"

"Yes, my lady," replied Phoebe, without a moment's hesitation.

"Then you elect to follow my fortunes?"

"Yes, my lady."

"You understand, I hope, that I shall not allow you to presume upon my position, Phoebe?"

"I don't think you will find that I shall ever try to do so, my lady," answered the girl, with simple dignity. "If I am no worse treated than I have been thus far, I shall have nothing to complain of; and at any time that anything in my manner or conduct displease your ladyship, you have only to speak, and I will endeavor to alter it."

Lady Gwendolyn held out hand to the faithful creature. She was desolate enough to feel thankful even for a humble friend like this; and the best service is that which is dictated by affection as well as by duty.

That afternoon Lady Gwendolyn had a confidential interview with her solicitor, Mr. Large, gave him a power-of-attorney to receive her dividends, and then, accompanied by Phoebe, she left town.

CHAPTER XXIII.

A Painful Surprise.

Several of Sir Lawrence's—as we must call him now—new neighbors had attended the funeral, and his pleasant but subdued manner had impressed them so favorably that they were ready to give him and his wife a cordial greeting when they came to live among them.

"We always felt for your uncle," said old Lord Milworth, as he shook the young baronet heartily by the hand; "but, you see, he lived such a secluded life that we did not know him well enough to miss him. But you and your beautiful wife will be great acquisitions, Sir Lawrence, and I hope we shall shortly have the pleasure of welcoming you to Loamshire."

Sir Lawrence thanked him in suitable terms, and said he counted upon bringing Lady Gwendolyn to the Abbey in the course of a week or so, and this information pleased the old lord mightily, for he was a great admirer of the fair sex generally, and of Lady Gwendolyn in particular. But in spite of all the kind feeling that was thrown him, Sir Lawrence was thankful when he found himself in the carriage that was to take him to the station. The Abbey seemed to him full of the gloom of death, and cast a chill over his warm, eager pulses.

However, once on his way to Paris, he began to recover himself. When he reached town, he had only just time to drive from one station to the other, but by promising the cabman double fare, he managed to catch his train, and was soon speeding toward Borton, picking up his spirits gradually as he went along.

He reached Paris at about six o'clock in the morning, and drove straight to his hotel. Much as he longed to see his wife, and clasp her once more in his arms, he was too unselfish to disturb her at such an early hour, and, ordering another room, he lay down and tried to sleep for awhile.

But he found this to be out of the question, and soon rose and dressed himself.

Precisely as the clock struck nine —not a minute before—he knocked softly at the door of his wife's bedroom, and, receiving no answer, he went in on tiptoe, with the delightful notion of waking her with a kiss.

But a sudden prophetic chill crept over him when he perceived that the bed was empty. There was the look of last seen his wife's fresh, flowerlike face was a large pink eiredon, such as Othello might have used to smother Desdemona.

He tossed it over, thinking that, maybe, she had hidden herself beneath it in order to give him a little surprise in her turn; but as there was no sign of her or her belongings anywhere, he went back into the salon, and rang the bell, as if he would ring it down.

The garcon came up running. Sir Lawrence asked if miladi had changed her room, at which Francois stared in amazement.

"Changed her room?" he repeated. "Why, she is gone!"

"Where?"

"Miladi did not say, monsieur; and it was not our affair to inquire. We thought she had left to join monsieur."

"Are there any letters for me?" demanded Sir Lawrence, putting his hand to his heart, as if he had received a sudden blow.

"Yes, monsieur, there is one for you, and also several for miladi. We saw them in charge of the manger directly they arrived."

"Fetch them quickly," answered Sir Lawrence, hoarsely; but he could find something to explain his wife's sudden caprice; and he scarcely breathed until the man came back, bringing with him all the letters Sir Lawrence had written to his wife, and one in Lady Gwendolyn's handwriting addressed to him.

He waited until the garcon had retired, and then he tore open this last with an eager, tremulous hand.

A letter full of reproaches and accusations would not have moved him so much as this cruel silence, this cold abandonment, and quite accounted for his wife's sudden departure; but he had not expected such dignified self-control in an impulsive girl like Lady Gwendolyn. He forgot that she had received one of those terrible blows that alter a woman's entire nature, and, therefore, it was useless to seek any precedent for her present course of conduct.

At first he could hardly realize the full significance of what had happened. It seemed so impossible that his wife had really left him, and yet, the cruel contrast between his hopes and the chill reality destroyed the last remnant of his self-control. He buried his face in his hands, and the tears rained from his burning eyes. His whole life was changed at a stroke; a woman who had deserted him; and the child that was coming to her was his.

Recovering himself a little, he sat down to pace to the best course to be pursued. He knew it was no use advertising, because Lady Gwendolyn had often told him that this would be an unnecessary exposure so far as she was concerned, as she never read a newspaper. How, then, could he get at her? Suddenly, as if by inspiration, it occurred to him that his wife must have taken her solicitor into her confidence, as he received her rents, and would have to keep her supplied with money. He did not know Mr. Large's address, but he felt sure that his own man of business would, as he had had to communicate with the other at the time of Lady Gwendolyn's marriage.

Therefore, Sir Lawrence made up his mind to return at once to London; and, as he lost no time, he found himself back again that night—too late, however, to call upon Mr. Browne.

He passed a miserable night, and was only too thankful when it was time to start for Mr. Browne's office with a reasonable hope of finding him there. Mr. Browne looked very much surprised when he heard Sir Lawrence's errand.

"Surely her ladyship has not forgotten," he said. "She must often have occasion to communicate with him."

"Yes, but it is I who want to communicate with Mr. Large," responded his client; "and Lady Gwendolyn is not with me."

"Oh, I remember!" replied Mr. Browne, quite satisfied. "I do not remember Mr. Large's address at this moment, but I will look through my papers and tell you directly. I hope her ladyship is quite well?" he concluded, as he began to turn over the leaves of a small manuscript book, stopping when he came to the letter "L," which headed one of the pages.

"Pretty well, thank you," replied Sir Lawrence hesitatingly; but Mr. Browne did not hear.

"Here it is!" he said at last; "Throgmorton Street, Danesbury Square, number ten."

Sir Lawrence rose at once, thanked him politely, and hurried off. He had to wait half an hour at the office before Mr. Large arrived, and was beginning to get very impatient, when that gentleman suddenly appeared before him.

"I must apologize for keeping you waiting," he said, with a courteous bow; "but I had to see a client at his own house this morning, and have not had time to breakfast yet. Can I be of any use to you, Sir Lawrence?"

"You certainly can, Mr. Large. I suppose we shall be comfortable, first?"

"Quite so. My clerks would not disturb me themselves, or allow any one else to disturb me when I am busy."

"And they cannot overhear what we say?"

"Most assuredly not."

In spite of this assurance, Sir Lawrence looked cautiously about him before he began, in a low voice:

"You know, I suppose, Mr. Large, that my wife has left me?"

Mr. Large bowed. He had no need to deny this.

Sir Lawrence went on:

"I must tell you that she has made a great mistake, Mr. Large. If I deserved such treatment at her hands I should only be too glad, naturally, to let matters remain as they are, and regain my liberty; but she has judged too hastily and superficially. I could explain things to her perfect satisfaction if she would grant me an interview, and I come to you on purpose to ask you to tell her this, as she has left me no way of communicating this to her myself."

"I would willingly do what you ask, Sir Lawrence," Mr. Large replied, "but Lady Gwendolyn has not at present made me any address. She took with her a check for three hundred and twenty pounds, being her half-year's rent and dividends, and said, as nothing yet decided where to go, she would write to me later."

"And she did give as her reason for such an extraordinary step?"

"She gave no reason."

"You astonish me!" exclaimed Sir Lawrence vehemently. "I fancied she would have accused me, in order to excuse herself."

"Then you will pardon me for saying that you do not understand Lady Gwendolyn. If impulsive, she is very generous, and rather sought to take the blame of your separation upon herself. I remember her very words: 'You know I am a spoiled child, Mr. Large, and very reproachful. I had expected so much that I was sure to be disappointed, and, therefore, have no right to complain.' She did not keep the affair as quiet as we can," reminded her that her friends would demand some explanation of her conduct; but she assured me that she was perfectly independent in every way, and had no intention of consulting anybody. Of course, I knew nothing of her ladyship's motives, and had no right to interfere. I am only surprised that she allowed me to say as much as I did."

"Did she look ill, Mr. Large?"

"Extremely ill—so ill that I took the liberty of advising her to keep within reach of medical advice."

"And what did she say?" inquired Sir Lawrence eagerly.

"She said she had a long journey, and a trying time mentally; but that she should, no doubt, be all right when she got into the country."

"Got into the country!" repeated Sir Lawrence, welcoming the hint eagerly. "She did not mention Torp, I suppose?"

"Yes, she did. She told me that her old nurse, Hannah, would not be able to take care of it any longer, as her husband had obtained a good situation at Westhampstead, and, therefore, she should like the house let if I could get her a respectable tenant."

"Should you consider me a respectable tenant?" inquired Sir Lawrence, with a faint, forced, humbling smile.

Mr. Large seemed amused.

"Would you care to have the Grange?"

"Certainly I should. I could not bear a stranger there where my wife passed so many happy months when she was a child. I cannot think but that Lady Gwendolyn ought not to be living on six or seven hundred a year when I have thirty thousand, and I suppose she will not allow me to help her in any other way."

"But, you see, Sir Lawrence, her ladyship knows that the Grange is only worth about eighty or ninety pounds a year; and if I were to offer her a fancy rent, she would immediately suspect that something wrong."

"It can't be wrong for a man to support his wife. I wish, with all my heart, that Lady Gwendolyn were not a farthing, and then it would have been difficult for her to leave me, unless she had the law on her side."

"I infer, from what she says, Sir Lawrence, that she considers herself to have the law on her side, but does not care to appeal to it."

"I wish she would, with all my heart. The only thing I ask is an opportunity of explaining matters, and clearing myself. I should never have condemned her without proof."

"When I begged her ladyship to reflect before she took any step that she might regret so much later, and mentioned how deceitful appearances often were, she told me that she had the fullest proof, and must needs believe her own eyes and ears."

"Her own eyes!" repeated Sir Lawrence. "But she came straight from Paris here, I presume?"

"I do not know if am doing right, Sir Lawrence, but I cannot help telling you that when her ladyship came to me she had just returned from Borton, and not from Paris."

Sir Lawrence became frightfully pale. He understood it all now.

"Then I am undone," he said. "What my wife saw there she would certainly misconstrue, and she has left me no chance of explaining matters."

For a minute his courage gave way utterly, and he buried his face in his hands, and trembled from head to foot with the effort he made to command himself.

CHAPTER XXIV.

A Cottage by the Sea.

All Mr. Large's sympathies had been with Lady Gwendolyn at starting; but how he came to think there might possibly be another side to the question. He knew Lady Gwendolyn was naturally impulsive—and legal men generally look upon impulsiveness as a fault, or, at best, an inconvenient quality which stands in the way of anything like calm, dispassionate judgment. Of course she had seen and heard something, since she said so; but then "trifles light as air are, to the jealous, confirmation strong as proofs of holy writ," and a person who jumps to conclusions is not to be trusted in any way.

He felt for this girl more than a lawyer's interest in his client, for he had known her since she was a child. He could not bear that she should throw away her happiness, and, therefore, when Sir Lawrence said:

"If I write a letter to my wife, explaining everything, will you forward it to her as soon as you know her address, Mr. Large?"

He answered readily:

"With great pleasure, Sir Lawrence. She did not forbid me to do that."

"Then I won't detain you any longer just now," said Sir Lawrence. "I am exceedingly obliged to you for befriending me, Mr. Large, I added, with a sad smile; "and I do assure you, on my honor as a gentleman, that I am perfectly guiltless of any offense toward my wife. Of course, I have sinned is against Heaven, in setting myself up an earthly idol, and for this I am being punished deservedly now."

His tone was one of deep emotion and unmistakable sincerity. Mr. Large could not help saying:

"I will do the best I caft for you, Sir Lawrence; but I am afraid you will need all your patience. Her ladyship gave me to understand that she should not write to me until she wanted money, and as she is supposed to have her half-year's allowance with her, that will not be yet."

"My only hope is that not being accustomed to economize, she will find her income insufficient. She has been accustomed to spend more than she has ever had on her dress and charities, and will, I am sure, find it very difficult to make both ends meet now. Excuse me for dwelling on this possibility; but it is my one hope."

"Then it is not to be wondered you should dwell on it, under the circumstances," replied Mr. Large. "But may I venture to ask, Sir Lawrence, what your present plans are?"

"Certainly. I shall remain in London, for instance, I may be on the spot whenever you have any news for me. But I do not mean any of my friends to know of my whereabouts, and I shall not show myself either at Borton or Milworth until Lady Gwendolyn returns to me. In this way I hope to shield her from remark, and make it easier for her to take her married life again without awkwardness or pain. We have been abroad for six months—let the world suppose we are still there."

"I think you are quite right," Mr. Large said; "and I feel sure that your consideration will touch Lady Gwendolyn when she comes to her senses. You will bring me your letter soon, Sir Lawrence?"

"To-morrow you may count upon it," he answered; and then, with a polite apology for having intruded so much of the other's time, Sir Lawrence departed.

The next day he took the letter to Mr. Large's office, and put it into the worthy lawyer's own hand. Then he went back to his solitary lodgings, to wait for the moment when his wife should repent of her hasty desertion, and come back to him timidly, humbly, to find such a generous pardon ready for her, that she would never dream of leaving him again.

* * * * * * *

"I am sorry I came to the seaside now," said Lady Gwendolyn humbly, to her faithful abigail, one morning; "the wind kept me awake all night."

"Yes, my lady, it does sound dolesome," answered Phoebe. "They say there haven't been such gales for years. A ship was wrecked close to the pier last night, and three poor souls drowned within sight of the coastguard."

"And could nothing be done to help them?" inquired Lady Gwendolyn, with a shudder.

"No, my lady. The sea was running so high the life-boat couldn't get out. It makes me feel quite sad to live where such things are always happening."

"Nonsense! Phoebe, you exaggerate," exclaimed her mistress, almost sharply. "This is the first shipwreck we have had since we came here."

"But if we are to have one every three months, it will be cheerful, my lady," answered Phoebe, who did not wish to make the best of the present state of affairs, and thought it very foolish of Lady Gwendolyn to live in little cottage by the sea, with a couple of women servants to wait upon her, when she might have the run of two mansions, and twenty dependents at least.

And it was terribly dull at Winterton. Phoebe had been accustomed to a good deal of change, and not a soul came near Cliff Cottage, except the clergyman of the parish, and he never brought his wife.

Lady Gwendolyn received him because his visits comforted her, and, moreover, she knew that he was too much of a gentleman to pry into her affairs, but she never allowed him to suppose that she was other than what she called "a grass widow," Mr. Maur.

Her beauty and aristocratic air made her an object of great curiosity in Winterton, and, of course, the women were all against her, and felt sure that her seclusion was the cover for some disgraceful secret; but what did all this matter to her?

She believed that she was doing right at the sacrifice of all her earthly happiness, and when her heart yearned with a great, aching sorrow toward her husband, she knelt down and prayed wildly not to be delivered into temptation, but to have strength to endure even to the end.

One night, just as the earth was beginning to grow green again, and primroses and violets were constellating the hedgerows, Lady Gwendolyn, only half-conscious still, came stupefied out from a long fainting fit, to find a little face nestling against her bosom, and to hear with deep thankfulness that a man child was born into the world, and lived.

Coming back to life herself from the very edge of the grave, the joy of maternity was not for her. The recollection of past peril, and she thrilled through her whole being as she pressed her white lips to the soft, wrinkled cheek.

"I never saw a bonnier babe, ma'am," said the nurse cheerfully. "How pleased your pa would be of him if he could see him."

Lady Gwendolyn shivered, and her joy was poisoned in a moment. This child could never be to her husband as well as to herself, and how could she ever look at it without being reminded of the terrible page in her life—of the wrong and treachery that had made her future a blank. The boy had his father's deep blue eyes, and when they looked at her Lady Gwendolyn had a strange fancy that they reproached her, and would turn uneasily away.

Was it possible that she had been too hasty? She had, of course, done right to leave Sir Lawrence, but she might have been in

LIST OF SPECIAL PRIZES

OFFERED AT LENNOX COUNTY FAIR

NAPANEE, AUGUST 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S COMPETITIONS

NATURE STUDIES, ETC.

In order to encourage the observation of Natural Phenomena among the pupils of our schools, the Directors of the Lennox Agricultural Society have pleasure in offering the following prizes for competition. It is the intention of the Directors to encourage this study of Nature as one of the educational features of their exhibition, and they would ask for kindly co-operation of teachers, parents and pupils.

RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING NATURE STUDY CLASSES.

1. These prizes are for competition either by individual pupils or by any number of pupils co-operating and are open only to the Public and Separate Schools of Lennox and Addington County. Any number of individual pupils or groups of pupils may compete for the same prizes.

2. A card with the name of the exhibitor, the number of the school and the name of the township or location must be firmly attached to each exhibit.

3. All the work in connection with each of the exhibits must have been done by the pupils under the direction of the teacher, and with his or her assistance or supervision, and must be the work or growth of 1925.

4. All entries must be made by the teacher on behalf of the pupils, certifying to their correctness. No entry fee in this class. All exhibits must be on the grounds and in position by 12 o'clock Tuesday, August 25th.

5. The prize money shall be paid to the teacher, who shall divide it among the children who have helped in making the exhibit, or for the establishment of a library or any beneficial purpose in connection with the school.

PRIZES FOR COLLECTION OF GRAIN, INSECTS, ETC.

Prizes in sections 1 to 8 are $1.50, $1.00 and 50c.
Prizes in sections 9 to 11 are 75c., 50c. and 25c.

1. Collection of Grains in head, 5 heads in each variety, about 12 inches in length, supported on cards.

2. Collection of Grasses and Clovers, 5 stems of each variety, about 12 inches in length, supported on cards.

3. Collection of Noxious Weeds, pressed and mounted.

4. Collection of Wild Plants and Flowers, picked and pressed while in bloom, showing roots, mounted and correctly named.

5. Collection of Leaves or Twigs of cultivated Forest Trees.

6. Collection of Insects, injurious or beneficial, correctly named.

7. Collection of Native Woods, showing bark and surfaces. Each sample to be quartered and 12 inches long, dressed but not varnished.

8. Drawing of a Plant, Bird and Insect, grouped if possible, by a pupil of the school.

9. Bouquet of Cut Flowers, grown in school grounds or in school house.

10. Collection of honey-producing flowers.

11. Photograph of Natural Scenery, by a pupil of a school.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S SPECIAL

2—J. L. Boyes & Son—$10. Writing Competition for Boys and Girls.

Write as below and sign your name, age and address. Put in an envelope addressed to J. L. Boyes & Son, Napanee, care Secretary Lennox Fair ,Napanee.

Write as follows :

J. L. Boyes & Son,
Napanee.

Dear Sirs :—

Everybody is proud of the Napanee Fair and we are going to the afternoon and evening entertainments.

Yours truly,

Sign name and age.

Boys and Girls 14 years and under, 1st, $2 ; 2nd, $1.50; 3rd, $1 ; 4th, 50c.

Boys and Girls under 11 years, 1st, $2 ; 2nd, $1.50 ; 3rd, $1 ; 4th, 50c.

HORSE SPECIALS

3—Hiram Shannon—$10.

For best yearling colt by "Rouget Second". 1st, $3.00; 2nd, $2.00.

For best foal 1925, 1st, $3 ; 2nd, $2.

4—C. W. Hambly, M.P.P.—$15.00.

For best single turnout, horse and outfit considered. 1st, $10 ; 2nd, $5.

5—Geo. Switzer—Horse Collar, value $5.00.

For best heavy draught team, soundness and value to be considered. Open only to County of Lennox and Addington.

6—W. J. VanDusen—Horse Blanket, value $4.50.

For best single turnout driven by a lady. To be shown third day. Owned in Lennox and Addington.

7—The Graham Co.—$10.00.

For best single driving horse owned by a farmer living in the County of Lennox and Addington. 1st, $6 ; 2nd, $4. Shown third day.

8—Paisley House—$10.00.

For best general purpose single driving horse, driven by a lady. Open to Lennox and Addington. 1st, $6 ; 2nd, $4.

9—G. M. Neely—$5.00.

For best heavy draught colt, foaled in 1925.

10—Napanee Iron Works—$15.00.

For the best pair of driving horses, equipment considered. 1st, $10 ; 2nd $5. To be shown third day.

11—Campbell House—$10.00.

For best heavy draught team owned in Lennox and Addington. 1st, $6 ; 2nd, $4. To be shown last day.

12—Paul Killorin—$5.00.

For best carriage colt, foaled in 1925. 1st, $3 ; 2nd, $2.

13—F. D. Marsh—25 lb. pail stock regulator.

For best carriage colt foaled in 1925.

14—Standard Bank—$15.00.

For best single driving horse, equipment considered. 1st, $10 ; 2nd, $5.

15—C. W. Randall—$15.00.

Fee for best carriage colt foaled in 1925, by Penalty.

16—Joe Brown—Value, $2.

Four new shoes for best standard bred sucker in this County.

17—Ezra Pringle—Value $2.00.

4 new shoes for best single turnout, owned in Lennox.

18—A. L. Dafoe—$5.00. McIntosh Bros.—$5.00.

For best general purpose team, soundness and value to be considered. Open to the County of Lennox and Addington. 1st, $6 ; 2nd, $4.

19—Frank B. Johnston—$5.00.

For the horse jumping the highest hurdle.

CATTLE SPECIALS

20—F. D. Marsh—25 lb. pail Woodhouse Cream Meal—Value $1.25.

For the best shorthorn calf of 1925.

21—F. D. Marsh—25 lb. pail Woodhouse Cream Meal—Value $1.25.

For best Holstein calf, 1925.

22—Dr. Harold Ward, New York—$30.00.

In memory of his father, Dr. G. C. T. Ward, who was one of the first breeders of Holstein cattle in the County.

For best Holstein Bull, 1st, $8 ; 2nd, $5 ; 3rd, $2.

For best Dairy Holstein Cow, 1st, $8 ; 2nd, $5 ; 3rd, $2.

23—The Daly Tea Co.—Value $22.50.

30 lbs. tea for the best purebred cow, any breed. 1st, 15 lbs. ; 2nd, 10 lbs. ; 3rd, 5 lbs. There must be at least five entries, or prizes will be withdrawn. Only one prize awarded to same party in this class.

24—Silver Cups donated by the Royal Bank.

One cup for the best grade 2-year-old heifer. Must be won twice to become the property of the owner. This cup was won last year by James Vankoughnet.

One Silver Cup for the cow securing the most points in the Dairy Test, pure bred or grade.

Both cups must be won twice to become the property of the winners.

25—F. L. Hooper—5 gallons Sherwin-Williams Best Red Barn Paint.

To any farmer in Lennox and Addington exhibiting the Best milking cow that has not won any special prize. Winners of this competition in previous years will not be eligible.

26—Belleville Creameries Limited—$10.00.

For best two calves raised on skim milk instead of whole milk. The exhibitor must be a patron of the Belleville Creameries during 1925. 1st, $5.00 ; 2nd, $3.00 ; 3rd, $2.00.

LIVE STOCK JUDGING COMPETITION

27—R. A. Daly, Stock Broker, Toronto, donates $25.00 ; The Robinson Co. donates $25.00 towards individual prizes ; Dr. Stratton donates a handsome silver cup to the winning Township team.

Cash Prizes

	Horses	Dairy Cattle	Beef Cattle	Sheep	Swine
1st	$5.00	$5.00	$5.00	$5.00	$5.00
2nd	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
3rd	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
4th	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Medals

A Silver Medal will be awarded to the contestant standing highest in judging each class of stock. No competitor will be paid more than one cash prize and may receive only one medal.

The contest is open to young men not over 25 years of age who have not won 1st or 2nd prize in a similar contest. Any young man who enters the contest may compete for the cash prizes and medals.

Each Township will have a township coach who must select five of the contestants to compete as a team for the Dr. Stratton cup.

Men who have taken the regular course at O. A. C. are not eligible to compete.

Classes of stock to be judged will include heavy horses, dairy cattle, beef cattle, sheep, swine.

Agricultural Representatives from other Counties will conduct the contest.

The contest will take place at 9 a.m., Wednesday, August 26th.

Contestants must be members of the Lennox Fair.

28—Dairy Test.

(Open to all members of the Society)

Superintendent in charge—L. O. Tubman, Government Judge, and J. Laughland.

1. All animals competing in the Pure Bred Class must be recorded in the Canadian or American records.

2. At the time of making entry, the number of days in milk must be given.

3. All awards in the Dairy Test shall be made by this scale :

25 points for each pound of butter fat.
3 points for each pound of solids, not fat.
1 point for each 10 days in milk after the first thirty days.
Limited to 10 points.

4. The milking competition shall extend over forty-eight hours. Rations of cows will not be considered. Cows shall be milked three times per day.

5. They shall be milked dry in the presence of the judges on Wednesday noon and the test concluded on Friday noon. The percentage of fat to be determined by the Babcock tester, and solids by ascertaining the specific gravity of the milk, then estimating the amount of solids by the use of the authorized formulas for that purpose.

6. All animals must have calved at least six days before the beginning of the test.

7. To qualify for a prize, a cow must give at least forty pounds of milk in forty-eight hours.

8. All cows entering this contest must be on the grounds by 9 a.m., Tuesday.

9. Exhibitors will be responsible for the safe keeping of their cows during the test.

10. The Recorder of the Napanee Dairy Centre, or other person authorized by the Dominion Dairy Commissioner, will act as judge of this test.

Open to Pure Bred or Grades. All Grades must be sired by Pure Bred Bull. Name and number to be given at time of entry.

The following prizes will be given :

CLASS A—Pure Bred Cows—1st, $15.00 ; 2nd, $10.00 ; 3rd, $5.00. This prize is contributed by the Farmers' Dairy Company.

CLASS B—Grade Cows—1st, $10.00 ; 2nd, $6.00 ; 3rd, $4.00. This prize is contributed by the Lennox Agricultural Society.

29—Holstein Fresian Association of Canada—$15.00.

To the owner of the Holstein Fresian Cow, 48 months old and over, winning first prize.

30—Holstein Fresian Association of Canada—$10.00.

To the person owning the Holstein Fresian Heifer, under 48 months old, winning the first prize in this test.

31—Victor Cowling—$5.00.

For best herd Shorthorn Cattle.

32—Dominion Bank—$15.00.

For best herd Durham Cattle. 1st, $10 ; 2nd, $5.

33—Pure Bred Calf Club.

Members must not be over 18 years of age. Each member may select a male calf or a female calf or both. Calves must be born after January 1st, 1925. Members must feed and care for their calves until the date of the Napanee Fair, where the calves will be exhibited on the halter. Members must be prepared to show the Judge the pedigrees of the calves exhibited at the Napanee Fair. Parents or guardians of members of the Calf Club must be members of the Lennox Fair. The Lennox Fair offer pries for the Calf Club as follows :

CLASS 1—Best pure bred Holstein Male Calf, born after January 1st, 1925.

CLASS 2—Best pure bred Holstein Female Calf, born after January 1st, 1925.

CLASS 3—Best pure bred Shorthorn Male Calf, born after January 1st, 1925.

CLASS 4—Best pure bred Shorthorn Female Calf, born after January 1st, 1925.

Prizes for each of the above classes are as follows : 1st, $5.00 ; 2nd, $4.00 ; 3rd, $3.00 ; 4th, $2.00 ; 5th, $1.00

Each Exhibitor is required to become a member of the Agricultural Society.

Calves may be brought in at 10 a.m., Wednesday, Aug. 26th, and taken home that evening.

34—Get of Bull Competition—$30.00.

$15.00 donated by C. A. Anderson & Son ; $15.00 donated by Bank of Montreal.

DAIRY CLASS

The entry for this class shall consist of three animals under 24 months and over 12 months at time of Fair, all sired by the same pure-bred bull. An entry may consist of heifers, males or both sexes and it is not necessary that the animals all be owned by the one exhibitor. Males must be pure-bred, but heifers may be either grade or pure-bred.

1st, $10.00 ; 2nd, $5.00.

BEEF CLASS

Three animals under 24 months and over 12 months at time of Fair, all the get of one pure-bred bull. Open to heifers grade or pure-bred, steers and to pure-bred males. The animals may be owned by one or more exhibitors.

1st, $10.00 ; 2nd, $5.00.

35—Dr. Willoughby—$7.00.

For best Jersey Cow. 1st, $4 ; 2nd, $3.

36—Wm. Davis, Butcher—10 lb. Roast Beef.

For best beef 2-year-old.

SHEEP SPECIALS

37—Madole Hardware Co.—Value $10.00, 2 gallons Zinc-o-lith White Paint.

For the best ewe, 2 shears, 1 yearling shear, 1 ewe lamb, exhibited by a farmer living in Lennox and Addington.

38—Fred Perry—$5.00.

For best pen of Oxford Down Sheep consisting of one ram, 1 year old, one ewe, two shears, one shearling ram, one ewe lamb. The above prize open to Lennox and Addington only.

39—Boyle & Son—One Console Set—Value $6.00.

For best pen of sheep, any breed, owned in County of Lennox and Addington.

SWINE SPECIALS

40—E. O. Ungar—$5.00.

For best three bacon hogs, weighing between 160 and 220 lbs. F. C. Martin, Undertaker, $3.00 for second prize.

41—Geo. Tustin—$2.00.

For best Brood Sow.

42—Card's Garage—$5.00.

For best sow and litter of pigs. 1st, $3 ; 2nd, $2.

43—Wilson's Clothing Store—Shirt, value $3.00.

For best Boar under one year.

DOMESTIC SPECIALS

44—D. B. Wilson—Aluminum covered Saucepan, value $1.25.

For best homemade apple pie.

45—A. MacGregor—Tea Set, value $8.00.

For the best dozen homemade buns.

46—Chase's Grocery—100 lbs. Maple Leaf Flour.

For best loaf of homemade bread made from Maple Leaf Flour. Flour must be bought from Chase's grocery and receipt of same attached to loaf.

47—A. S. Kimmerly—25 lbs. Flour.

For best dozen homemade buns.

48—Denison Bros.—10 lbs. Shortening.

For best dozen doughnuts made with shortening and flour bought at Denison's.

49—A. E. Caton—$3.00.

For best pumpkin pie. 1st, $2 ; 2nd, $1.

50—W. H. Grass—50 lbs. Flour.

For the best loaf of bread. Flour to be purchased from donor.

51—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited Montreal.

For the best loaf of bread made from Ogilvies Royal Household Flour. 1st, 1 bag ; 2nd, ½ bag ; 3rd, ¼ bag. Each exhibitor must attach to the bread exhibited an invoice covering the purchase of the flour from which the bread was made.

52—Dr. Milsap—$5.00.

For best layer cake. 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.
For best loaf Brown bread. 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.

GRAIN AND VEGETABLE SPECIALS

53—Wallace Drug Co.—$10.00.

1st, $3 ; 2nd, $2, for best bushel early potatoes. The same for late potatoes.

54—E. W. Metcalfe Canning Co., Deseronto.

Best peck of tomatoes. 1st, 12 cans Metcalf Old Oak brand canned peas ; 2nd, 9 cans ; 3rd, 3 cans.

55—Napanee Canning Co.

For best bushel white potatoes. 1st, 12 cans peas ; 2nd, 9 cans ; 3rd, 3 cans.

56—W. V. Webster—$5.00.

For the best bushel oats grown in 1925, $2.50 ; for best bushel barley grown in 1925, $2.50.

57—E. McLaughlin—$1.00.

For best 12 ears of corn on cob, grown in 1925.

FRUIT SPECIALS

58—Wilson's Shoe Store—$5.00.

For best assortment of winter apples, four kinds, five of each variety, $2.50.

For best assortment of fall apples, four kinds, five of each variety, $2.50.

APIARIAN SPECIALS

59—Harry Scott—$3.00.

For best collection and display of honey. 1st, $2 ; 2nd, $1.

60—Napanee Marble Works—$5.00.

For best jar of honey. 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.

For best section of honey in comb, 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.00.

These prizes are open to bee keepers only.

FANCY WORK SPECIALS

61—Geo. Robertson & Son, Grocers, Kingston—$5.00.

For luncheon set, 7 or 9 pieces, $2.50 ; fancy bed spread, $2.50.

62—Salada Tea Co.—10 lbs. Salada Tea—Value $9.50.

For sweater coat, wool knit, 2¼ lbs. tea ; Bed spread, home woven, new, 2¼ lbs. ; Quilt, pieced ,cotton, 2½ lbs. ; Scarf, out-door-wear, knit or crochet, 2½ lbs.

FLORICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

63—Haines Shoe Co.—$7.50.

Best four spikes of Gladioli, of the following shades : Pink, Red, Salmon, Blue or Purple, White or Yellow, each color to be in separate vase. 1st, $1.00 for each color ; 2nd, 50c., for each color.

64—W. S. Herrington, K.C.—$5.00.

Five prizes of one dollar each for the best six blooms of Asters of different colors, one dollar for each color. Any exhibitor may compete for one or more prizes in this competition.

65—John W. Thompson—$1.00.

For best bouquet of cut Gladiolo, arrangement of bouquet to be taken into consideration.

66—John W. Thompson—$1.00.

For best specimen of Tuberous Begonia.

67—Hydro Electric Co., Electric Toaster—Value $6.00.

For best potted fern, any variety.

68—Mrs. Doxsee—$5.00.

Bouquet of Decorative Dahlia, 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.
Bouquet of Show Dahlia, 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.

69—A. E. Lazier—$3.00.

Nicest collection of snap-dragons, 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.00 ; 3rd, 50c.

70—Peter Pappas—$3.00.

Best collection of Zinnia's, 1st, $1.50 ; 2nd, $1.00 ; 3rd, 50c.

POULTRY SPECIALS

W. A. Steacy—$5.00.

71—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Cock.
72—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Hen.
73—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Cockerel.
74—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Pullet.
75—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Pen (Young).

Capt. Hughson—$5.00.

76—$1.00 for the best White Wyandotte Pen (Old).
77—$1.00 for the best Light Brahma Cock.
78—$1.00 for the best Light Brahma Hen.
79—$1.00 for the best Light Brahma Cockerel.
80—$1.00 for the best Light Brahma Pullet.

E. J. Sexsmith, M.P.P.—$10.00.

81—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Cock.
82—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Hen.
83—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Cockerel.
84—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Pullet.
85—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Pen (Young).
86—$1.00 for the best Barred Rock Pen (Old).
87—$1.00 for the best S. C. Brown Leghorn Cock.
88—$1.00 for the best S. C. Brown Leghorn Hen.
89—$1.00 for the best S. C. Brown Leghorn Cockerel.
90—$1.00 for the best S. C. Brown Leghorn Pullet.

Robt. Light—$15.00.

91—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Cock.
92—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Hen.
93—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Cockerel.
94—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Pullet.
95—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Pen (Young).
96—$1.00 for the best S. C. Rhode Island Red Pen (Old).
97—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Cock.
98—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Hen.
99—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Cockerel.
100—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Pullet.
101—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Pen (Young).
102—$1.00 for the best S. C. White Leghorn Pen (Old).
103—$1.00 for the best French Breed Cock.
104—$1.00 for the best French Breed Hen.
105—$1.00 for the best French Breed Cockerel.

Express Printing House—$15.00.

106—$1.00 for the best French Breed Pullet.
107—$1.00 for the best Orpington Cock, any variety.
108—$1.00 for the best Orpington Hen, any variety.
109—$1.00 for the best Orpington Cockerel, any variety.
110—$1.00 for the best Orpington Pullet, any variety.
111—$2.00 for the best pair Ornamental Bantams.
112—$2.00 for the best pair Game Bantams.
113—$2.00 for the best pair Ducks, any variety.
114—$2.00 for the best pair Geese, any variety.
115—$2.00 for the largest exhibit of poultry by any one exhibitor.

C. A. Wiseman—$10.00.

116—$2.50 for the best Cock in the show.
117—$2.50 for the best Hen in the show.
118—$2.50 for the best Cockerel in the show.
119—$2.50 for the best Pullet in the show.

F. L. Hooper Special.

120—Their choice of sufficient of the best wall paper in our stock to paper any one room in the house, to any farmer's wife or daughter exhibiting the best cockerel or pullet that has not won a first or second prize at this Fair. Winners of this competition in previous year will not be eligible.

BEST DECORATED STUDEBAKER CAR

131—Sills Motors—$17.50.

1st, $10.00 ; 2nd, $5.00 ; 3rd, $2.50. To be judged in front of Grand Stand, at 3 p.m., Wednesday.

Agricultural Improvement is the Key Note of This Year's Fair

Every person can see something to their advantage at a well conducted Agricultural Fair. Many a man, when he gathers his crops, and looks over his stock, thinks he can "Beat the World" until he compares his best with others at the Fair.

Your attendance will help you, will help your neighbor, and will help the Fair.

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils. Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Oaton's.

FRED S. SCOTT
BARBER and TOBACCONIST
John St.
(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Pulverized Sheep Manure

Radish Seed and Beet Seed for late planting.

SPRATT'S DOG BISCUITS

Tuberous Begonias

A few choice bulbs left, various colors, at
10 CENTS EACH
6 FOR 50 CENTS.

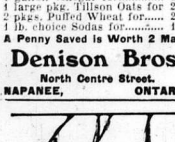
GEO. E. WINTER,
Dundas St. Phone 78.
Alsike Clover samples wanted.

WE SELL FOR LESS

SOAP	
20 bars P. & G. for	$1.00
20 bars Comfort for	1.00
20 bars Pearl White for	1.00
20 bars Gold for	1.00
2 Shredded Wheat for	25c.
1 lb. Shortening for	17c.
2 lbs. Ginger Snaps for	25c.
1 lb. Icing Sugar for	10c.
1 cheap Broom for	35c.
1 good Broom for	39c.
1 pkg. Quaker Corn Flakes	10c.
1 lb. pure Cream Tartar	30c.
1 gallon Vinegar for	35c.
1 large pkg. Tillson Oats for	25c.
2 pkgs. Puffed Wheat for	25c.
1 lb. choice Sodas for	15c.

A Penny Saved is Worth 2 Made.

Denison Bros.
North Centre Street.
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.



CORNS
end the pain
quickly, *safely*

In one minute you can end the pain of corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads. They end the misery of corns by eliminating the causes, *friction-pressure*. No danger of infection from cutting or corrosive acids.

Zino-pads are *thin*; antiseptic, waterproof. They protect while they heal. Sizes for corns, callouses and bunions. Call today and get a box of this new, magic corn treatment.

Dr Scholl's
Zino-pads

Put one on—the pain is gone!

Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads are made by the manufacturers of Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances

The Haines Shoe Houses

Daly's Good Tea is dependable —When you buy a pound you know with certainty that you will serve a tea rich in flavor and of the proper strength, one that will make the members of your family or your guests exclaim, "What a splendid cup of tea." This famous brand for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

Beekeeper's Supplies !

Sections, brood and super, foundation comb, Queen excluders, bee escapes and smokers.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The many friends of Mr. Albert Herrington will be greived to hear he is confined to his bed, under the doctor's care. We hope for a speedy recovery.

A number of local auto drivers have been summoned for disregarding the stop signs on the busy streets leading to Dundas street. The Stop injunction must be heeded.

I forbid any one giving my wife, Lena Pringle, anything on my credit. She has left my bed and board. I refuse to pay any debts she runs.
36-cp MR. CHARLIE PRINGLE.

Mrs. H. W. Kelly has moved her grocery store from the Campbell House corner to the Rennie block in the corner store recently fitted up by Mr. Tustin. The new store is one of the biggest and neatest stores in the town.

The Adolphustown Women's Institute will hold their regular meeting on August 12th, at the home of Mrs. R. Carr. An interesting programme is being prepared.

M. G. ROBLIN, Sec'y.

Thos. M. Asselstine, Clerk of the Surrogate Court for the County of Frontenac, and well-known all over Eastern Ontario as a Curling enthusiast, passed away at his home in Kingston on Friday evening, after but a few days illness.

Speeding autos across street intersections very nearly caused a bad smash on the Post Office corner on Monday evening. By quick manouvreing the cars escaped smashing one another, but only by running over boulevards and lawns.

A car belonging to Walter Uens, Strathcona, and a Toronto car both came to grief on the Deseronto road on Sunday. Mr. Uens was driving to Deseronto and the Toronto car, in passing a buggy, smashed into the Uens car head on. Both cars were badly wrecked, but luckily no one was badly hurt.

Mr. Chas. Stevens staged a unique celebration of his sixtieth year of residence in Napanee on Thursday evening, by giving a banquet to the youngsters of the town. Six hundred invitations were issued and the kiddies rose to the occasion and responded in force. The refreshments liberally provided, disappeared amazingly fast, but the supply appeared unlimited and there was plenty for everyone and to spare. The banquet was held in Mr. Stevens' office on Dundas street, and besides refreshments, music was provided and a short life history talk by Mr. Stevens.

The Napanee ball team has brought great credit to itself by the three successive wins during the past two weeks, Gananoque being defeated both at home and here and Kingston being defeated by a handsome margin on Thursday night in the Limestone City. As a result of the excellent work of the locals, there was a large attendance of fans present on Friday evening to witness the scheduled game between Brockville, the winners of the first half of the schedule, and the local nine. The game was a hard-fought one from beginning to end, both pitchers McLean of Brockville, and Richardson, of Napanee, being backed up by splendid fielding. The score was Brockville 9, Napanee 7.

"Wherefore my beloved brethren, let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak, slow to wrath. For the wrath of God worketh not the righteousness of God," Jas. 1 : 19, 20 ; "But be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving your own selves," Jas. 1 : 22 ; "If any man among you seem to be religious, and bridleth not his tongue, but deceiveth his own heart, this man's religion is vain. Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatheries sand widows in their affliction and to keep himself unspotted from the world," Jas. 1 : 27.

We are the only Bible,
The careless world will read,
We are the sinner's gospel,
We are the scoffer's creed,
We are the lives you're writing
Each hour of every day,
Is what we're being judged by
From what we do and say.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Happiness in Appreciation.

Happiness comes not from the power of possession, but from the power of appreciation. Above most other things it is wise to cultivate the powers of appreciation. The greater the number of stops on an organ the greater its possibilities as an instrument of music. —H. W. Sylvester.

With Her "Brood."

Ida heard her aunt speak of the little chickens that were following a hen as a brood. A new neighbor moved next door to Ida with five children. Ida saw them following their mother about the back yard, and she said to her mother: "See the lady with her brood of children following her."

WHERE RESTS YOUR LOVED ONE

there place the most enduring, the most beautiful evidence of your affection and devotion possible to obtain—a monument in imperishable **Marble or Granite**, designed, carved and erected by us, specialists in this work.

We will make special designs for you at the lowest possible cost.

Talk it over with

WM. M. HOWITT,
Napanee, - Ontario

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. John McPherson are on a fishing trip in Quebec.

Mrs. W. V. Webster spent a few days last week with her sisters in Gananoque.

Mrs. Abell, Toronto, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. John Coates.

Mr. Harvey Benn, Syracuse, N. Y., is the guest of Mrs. J. E. Benn.

Mr. Will Stevens, Milwaukee, spent the week-end with his father, Mr. Chas. Stevens.

Mrs. Chas. Carr, Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. D. Black.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Savage, Los Angeles, Cal., are visiting friends in Napanee and Picton.

Miss Sylvia Watson, Kingston, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Laughlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pitts and and baby, Dorothy, of Hamilton, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Madden for a few days.

Mr. Bruce Madden, Toronto, is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Madden.

Miss Mary Hamm has returned to her home in Bath, after five years in Japan.

Mr. Mack McCoy, Toronto, is renewing acquaintances in Napanee.

Mrs. Jas. Stalker and son, Reggie, are visiting friends in Brighton.

Miss Norma Ballard is visiting friends in Watertown.

Rev. W. H. and Mrs. Truscott, West Huntington, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Mills.

Miss Neva Sine spent a few days last week with her grandmother, South Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Fitchett, Milwaukee, are guests of Mr. Isaac Fitchett, North Fredericksburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. John N. Ruttan and son, Harold, of Detroit, Mich., spent a few days last week the guests of his cousin, Mr. W. J. VanDusen, after an absence of over thirty years.

Miss Margaret Smith, a former teacher in the Collegiate Institute at Napanee, died last week in Victoria Hospital, London, Ont., after an illness of about a year.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus, Whitby, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Clark, South Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bowen and daughter and son-in-law, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jackson at Oshawa.

Mrs. J. C. Bartle, Niagara Falls, and Mrs. F. T. Bryers, Winnipeg, Man., are guests of Miss Bryers.

Miss Marion Walmsley is visiting Miss K. Tierney in Toronto.

Mrs. Coxall and Miss Coxall are visiting Mr. and Mrs. McGuire Toronto.

Miss Marion Mills, Cleveland, Ohio, is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Acton and family, of Renfrew, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Cooke a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Sanderson, Detroit, are visiting his sisters, the Misses Sanderson.

Mrs. Leonard Robinson, Ottawa, is the guest of her father, Mr. Geo. Grieve.

Mrs. Wm. Noonan is the guest of Miss Diana Miller.

Mrs. Charles, Yarker, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston.

Mrs. E. J. Pollard is spending the week-end in Kingston, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Boyes.

Mrs. P. H. Patterson, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Perry, returned to Regina on Monday.

Mrs. John Pollard has returned home from Bancroft after visiting Mrs. Nellie Clark for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Weir and little son, Jimmy, spent Sunday and Monday last with her brother, Mr. W. J. VanDusen. Mr. Joe Harrison, of Toronto, accompanied them.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Miller spent last week on a motor trip to Western Ontario.

Miss Howitt, Toronto, is the guest of her brother, Mr. W. Howitt.

Mrs. Ivan Spencer is visiting friends in Picton.

Mrs. M. Graham Fraser and son, Dexter, N.Y., are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Davis, North Fredericksburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Galbraith, Parry Sound, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Huffman.

Mrs. L. H. Bennett, Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dr. G. W. Morden.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bee, Toronto, spent a few days last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gibbard.

Mr. Walter Metcalf, Detroit, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Metcalf.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliot Vanalstine, Chicago, are guests of his mother, Mrs. Irvine Vanalstine, South Napanee.

Mrs. M. Maker and children are visiting her brother in Windsor and will go from there to Grand Rapids, Mich., to visit friends.

MARRIAGES.

Lockwood—Graham—At Deseronto, on Thursday, July 30th, 1925, by Rev. Harrison, Nora Graham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Graham, to Lorne Lockwood, both of Napanee.

DEATHS

Hoselton—At Orillia, on Tuesday, July 28th, 1925, Pearl Florence Hoselton, formerly of Bath, aged 41 years.

Steacy—At Napanee, on Sunday, August 2nd, 1925, Mary Steacy, wife of Mr. W. A. Steacy.

Poultry.

We buy poultry the year round and want your hens and chickens any day. Try us and go home with the cash and the satisfied feeling that the weight was right and the prices good.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.,
Napanee's Poultry Headquarters,
Shop 2 blocks south of Post Office
Phone 103. 35-b

Girls' Gingham Dresses, Half Price

Mothers here is a splendid chance to out-fit your girls with dresses at half of regular prices. Materials are in Ginghams and Chambrays, that will wear and laundry satisfactorily. Sizes to 13 years.

Diner—"I want some raw oysters. They must not be too large or too small, not too salty and not too soft. They must be cold and I'm in a hurry for them."

Waiter—"Yes, sir. Will you have them with or without pearls."

—Blue Jay.

Gingham House Dresses, $1.00 each.

For every day morning wear you will find these dresses perfectly reliable.

Come in slip-over styles —contrasting trimmings and in five different colors.

These are excellent.

Secure Your Share of our August Bargains

The Robinson Company Limited

Our Final Dispersal Sale of Summer Dresses

Is Now On

Many Great Values are Obtainable
This is Your Time to Choose

In staging this Clearance Sale we are only adhering to our fixed policy—to not carry over any wearing apparel from one season to another.

To thoroughly interest you we have made prices wonderfully attractive. Remember too, that these dresses are the same clean style and good materials that has characterized our stock throughout the season.

Many exclusively styled frocks are still obtainable in light and dark colorings. Women's and Misses sizes are featured.

BEST VOILE DRESSES, REGULAR $10.50 TO $16.50 FOR $8.95 EACH

Featured here are dresses made from Normandy and Beadora Voiles, in light and dark colorings, plain Voiles and Novelty patterns.
Sizes from 16 Misses' to 44 Women's.

FIGURED VOILE DRESSES, REGULAR $6.75 TO $10.00 FOR $5.00 EACH

The dresses in this group are wonderfully smart from every view-point. Materials in plain and printed effects. Each dress is becomingly trimmed.
Misses' sizes.

ENGLISH BROADCLOTH DRESSES, REGULAR $5.75 TO $7.75 FOR $5.00 EACH

These dresses are wearable the year round. Choose them for Fall and Winter. Materials are made in England, thus you are assured of fast colors and dependable materials.
Shades of Rose, Tan, Mauve, Green, Rust and Copen.
Sizes 16 to 44.

PRINTED CREPE DRESSES REDUCED 25 PER CENT MANY GOOD STYLES

These prints have every indication of being the leading fabric for next summer. By choosing one now, at our discount price will be good buying on your part.
Splendid colorings—Splendid styles.

IRISH LINEN DRESSES, REGULAR $10.50 TO $17.50 VALUES FOR $8.95

These are made from excellent quality linen that is guaranteed non-shrinkable. Styles, too are exceptionally clever. Embroidery and lace trimmed. Women's and Misses' sizes. Several colors.

GIRLS' MOTOR COATS REDUCED TWENTY PER CENT

Many mothers have been taking advantage of this discount and have obtained these smartly styled coats for their daughters.
You'll find these Coats splendid for motoring and early Fall school wear. They come in latest fashios, made from warm Polo, Velour and Duvetyn materials.
Sizes up to 14 years.
Regular prices, $15.00, $9.50, $6.50, $4.75.
Reduced prices, $12.00, $7.60, $5.20, $3.80.

"GEM" BRAND KNITTED CAPES FOR TOTS 2, 3 AND 4 YEARS

These Capes of ours are knit from the finest and purest of imported botany wool yarns. The weave, while machine done, is as near hand knitting as possible to secure. They come styled with contrasting revers and can also be had in plain and fancy weaves. Priced $3.75, $4.00 and $4.25.
Obtainable in Pink, Blue and Sand colorings.

SLEEVELESS WOOL CARDIGANS, SPECIAL $3.38 EACH

Sleeveless Cardigans still have a place in the modern woman's wardrobe. They are ideal garments for sport's costumes. Then too, they provide the required amount of color and warmth.
Our present assemblage, which are authentically styled, comes in a fine wide range of colors and sizes.
Especially stressed are silk and wool yarns.
Priced $3.38 each.

TWO-PIECE WOOL SUITS FOR TRAVELLING

These Wool Suits of ours are knit from wool and silk yarns. They are exceptionally comfortable and will give with every move of the body. They will not stretch or wrinkle. For vacation wear of all kinds they are absolutely satisfactory. Besides, being durable they are fashionable, coming in bright, pleasing shades, Powder Blue, Jade, Grey, Sand, Cocoa and Navy. Women's and Misses' sizes. Priced $12.75 to $21.50.

WEEK-END SPECIAL SALE

On Friday and Saturday, August 7th and 8th, we will place on sale five Imitation Congoleum Rugs at a discount of 25 per cent. The makers of these Rugs are going out of the business, consequently we will not be able to replace any patterns we have in stock, and have decided to sacrifice the lot.
3 Rugs, 7 ft. 6 in. x 9, regular $11.25, Sale Price $8.44.
1 Rug, 9 x 10 ft. 6 in., regular $15.75, Sale Price $11.82.
1 Rug, 9 x 12, regular $18.00, Sale Price $13.50.
These Rugs are made from the same stock as Congoleum and will give you the same lasting service.

We will also place on sale on the same date, our entire stock of Grastex Mats and Rugs at a discount of 20 per cent. All new stock and the very latest Oriental and conventional patterns. The most popular low priced material in the market and this year's prices are the very lowest ever. Used extensively for bed rooms, halls, verandahs and summer cottages. Velvave the three leading colors such as Green, Blue and Brown, with stencilled borders of contrasting colors. We have a liberal supply of the leading sizes.
18 x 36 Mats, regular 25c., Sale Price 20c.
27 x 54 Mats, regular 75c., Sale Price 60c.
36 x 72 Mats, regular $1.25, Sale Price $1.00.
4 ft. 6 x 7 ft. 6 Rugs, regular $1.95, Sale Price $1.56.
6 x 9, Rugs, regular $2.95, Sale Price $2.36.
5 x 10 Rugs, regular $4.00, Sale Price $3.20.
9 x 12 Rugs, regular $6.00, Sale Price $4.80.

DURING AUGUST LOW PRICES ON WASH GOODS WILL BE THE SLOGAN

A WEEK OF HALF PRICE REDUCTIONS ON MANY FABRICS OF DEPENDABLE CHARACTER

Plaid and Check Ratine, 38 in. wide, in eight two-tone colorings. Desirable material for late summer and early Fall wear. $1.50 yard for 75c. yd.
Plain Voile and Crepe are featured in many rich colorings. Quality is unusually good. Over 200 pieces to choose from.
Regular 59c., for 35c. yard.
Rich Crepes in plaid and check effects, light and medium dark colorings, made from artificial silk and cotton. $1.50 for 75c. yard.
An assortment of Dark Voiles in Black and White, Navy and White and White, and some in light colors in plaid Ratine Voile. Regular to $1.00 per yd. Sale Price 3 yds. for $1.00.

BOYD-CALDWELL 100 PER CENT. PURE WOOL RUGS

We have eight only of these handsome Rugs. Boyd-Caldwell have ceased making those famous rugs of theirs—found the cost of producing them too excessive. The prices we are offering them at are below the cost of producing this quality.
Make splendid Rugs for hammock, couch, car or boat.
Prices $8.50, $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00.

OUR MEN'S DOLLAR WORK SHIRTS FOR MEDIUM AND SMALLER SIZED MEN

Are really the best by far that we have had for years.
Remember though, there is no Dollar Shirt made that is really large enough for a great big man, who should take an outside sized shirt.
These shirts are made from good strong Canadian Cotton Shirtings in new patterns, with shoulders reinforced, placquet front, and breast pocket. Sizes 14 to 16, Price $1.00.

SPECIAL VALUES IN MEN'S MADE-TO-MEASURE SUITS

PLAIN BLUES, ALSO PLAIN GREYS IN LIGHT, MEDIUM AND DARK SHADES. PRICES $35.00, $37.50, $38.50 AND $40.00

These prices are remarkably low for the splendid quality of the cloths and the way they are put together. We guarantee the fit, workmanship and quality. Let us show you these real worth while Serges and Worsteds.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO. LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.